

## STANDARD WAS RIGHT IN THE CLOAR CASE

The Standard regrets to have it made necessary to again publish facts concerning Kelzie Cloar in the attempted rape case which took place in Morehouse, August 14. In our issue of August 29, we printed an article under the caption "Sikestonians Commit Serious Outrages". Due to protest from certain individuals of Sikeston claiming that we were wrong and the article was false, it becomes our painful duty to again print the story which will be given more in detail.

Part of The Standard publishing staff made a special trip to Morehouse Wednesday afternoon for the purpose of a personal interview with the Chief of Police, Sam Meadows and the Constable, J. M. Boswell, of that city. They gave the official report in particular. The Chief of Police gave the following account of the affair which involved Kelzie Cloar.

"I was walking along the street when a little boy came running up to me and said 'come down here, they have killed a man.' I started running and then the little girl (Rose Belle Murry) came running up to me saying: 'Mr. Meadows, they have killed a man in my house and Kelzie Cloar is after me and is trying to abuse me and make me drink White Mule!' When I ran into the house, I saw Kelzie sit arm around her and the other arm around Joe Baty. They were drinking 'white mule' and the Mrs. Murry was drunk.

"Sam Prince was lying on the floor and I thought he was dead but he was knocked out by Kelzie because Sam had tried to take the little girl's part when Kelzie had her upon his lap and trying to make her drink some whiskey. At this Sam Prince took up for the girl and was hurt. Then the little girl ran out and Kelzie grabbed at her making a scratch on her arm."

"How old is the little girl?" the reporter asked the Chief.

"She is about 14 years old", replied the officer.

"Has she a bad reputation here as to her character?"

"If she has I never heard of it", replied Mr. Meadows, and this statement was seconded by Mr. Boswell, the Constable. "Her mother has a bad character, but we never knew of the girl doing anything wrong", further stated Officer Meadows.

The Standard, in its Tuesday's issue, said that Cloar took the girl driving and that her age was seventeen. This was even milder than official reports show it. The crime was committed at the girl's home and she was only fourteen years of age. We also said this happened in Mississippi County, but it happened in New Madrid County. Upon these errors we stand corrected.

Official report from Chief Meadows, show that three and possibly more complaints have been filed in the Prosecuting Attorney's office at New Madrid. One warrant has already been issued for Cloar's arrest for transporting liquor. Chief Meadows has this warrant. The three complaints filed are for attempt to rape Rose Belle Murry, disturbing peace and transporting liquor.

Thus stand the reports we received from official sources. The actions of Kelzie Cloar and Joe Baty and Mrs. Murry while in the city jail are not eligible to be printed. Cloar's whereabouts are unknown to authorities and consequently no warrants have been served upon him.

The Standard regrets to have to make this public and it is done with no personal enmity toward anyone. But is society to contend with such illicit happenings? Are we to have such crimes committed and make no endeavor to stop them? Is such not a horrid example for our children to see and hear about, to be perpetrated and tolerated? It is for the moral benefit of the public that we warn them against such men that other young girls may beware and not fall a victim to such terrible practices. It was not our intention to make any further comment upon this matter, but we are forced to publish this more in detail to substantiate the news article in our issue of 29th inst.

Mrs. C. E. Mitchell and children and Mrs. Meyers returned Tuesday from Gary, Ind., where they had been for a visit to Hal Meyers and family. They report Hal and family to be holding their own in their new home.

## CHAFFEE STRIKE NEATLY AVOIDED

Chaffee, August 30.—A late agreement between members of the Four Brotherhoods, employees of the Frisco railroad here, and Vice-President Hutchison of the railway company, prevented the threatened strike of the trainmen at 6 p. m. Tuesday.

The agreement provides:

1. That the National Guardsmen are to be kept at the roundhouse, and are not to patrol the railroad yards.

2. That the guardsmen, when they visit the town, are not to carry weapons.

3. That the guardsmen, when six men to be stationed at six entrances to the roundhouse to admit trainmen who are to work on the trains, without passes or permits from the commander of the National Guard.

The agreement went into effect immediately after a conference of the representatives of the trainmen, and Vice-President Hutchison held here, shortly before the time set for the strike Tuesday. The agreement was entered into without qualification by the trainmen and the railroad official.

Walkout of the trainmen was called for late Tuesday after a meeting Sunday when an ultimatum was sent to the railroad officials stating that unless the Guardsmen were removed the trainmen would refuse to work. It was explained by the trainmen that they objected to going to their work in the face of machine guns, and through a sentry line of armed men. They stated that they were forced to secure passes from the commanding officer of the National Guard to enter the roundhouse to start work each day.

### To Standardize Their Wheat

To standardize the wheat and other field crops of Southeast Missouri within the next ten years is the agreement reached recently by representatives of the farm organizations of the alluvial counties of the section. They propose to conduct a continuous campaign for the universal use of approved seed only, thru-out this great territory. Only three varieties of wheat will be sown: Fultz, Fulcaster and Poole. These have been found most productive under local conditions of soil and climate in a series of trials by the Missouri Agricultural Experiment Station.

Corn varieties similarly chosen for purposes of standardization throughout eight counties are St. Charles White, St. Charles Yellow, Boone or Johnson County White and Reid's Yellow Dent.

Work along the line of crop improvement will be chiefly in field inspection of seed and certification of such fields as pass the rigid test applied by the inspectors from the College of Agriculture. Such fields will be saved for seed and in this way pure varieties of high yielding types of cotton, wheat, corn and legumes will be recommended to farmers in the territory.

This is but one phase of a ten-year program adopted for Southeast Missouri recently by the farm bureaus of Cape Girardeau, Scott, Mississippi, Stoddard, New Madrid, Butler, Dunklin and Pemiscot counties.

A. C. Spark Plugs, 50c.—Farmers Supply Co., Hardware Department.

Rex Adams of Mound City, Ill., is visiting his sister, Miss Stella Adams.

The E. J. Keith family, who have been spending the month of August in Indiana, returned to Sikeston Tuesday.

Mrs. East and son Bernard left Tuesday night for Columbia, where they expect to make their home for the next two years.

Mr. and Mrs. Lynn Stallcup and daughters, Misses Elizabeth and Lynette, returned Tuesday, after a month's sojourn in Wisconsin.

The presidential administration is yet wanting Congress to grant it power to take temporary control of railroads and coal mines. We wonder what Mr. Harding would have to say to railroad executives in event he had such power.

According to reports received by the United States Department of Agriculture, there have been 143,212 muskrat skins shipped from Alaska since December 1, 1921. This is almost as many as were shipped during the entire year of 1919.

## Women of Sikeston and Vicinity

We cordially invite you  
to our

## Special Feature Showing

of the Wonderful Educational  
Film

## "Fashion and Health"

TWO REELS OF STARTLING FACTS  
REGARDING CORSETS

Millions of women are seeing it all over the country.  
Don't miss this opportunity.

## MALONE THEATRE

Monday Evening, September 4th, 1922  
IN CONNECTION WITH REGULAR SHOW

## Stubbs Clothing Co.

Wearing Apparel for Men, Women  
and Children

## BAKER ESTATE CLOS- ED OUT AT AUCTION

Thursday and Friday, August 24 and 25, the entire estate of Lewis Baker was placed at auction by his administratrix, Mrs. Mable Baker. A complete disposition was made of the whole estate, totaling at the close of the second day for everything sold approximately \$8000.

The first day's sales was devoted to the disposition of farming implements, mules, mares and farm horses. The receipts for this day's sale were approximately \$4000.

The second day the entire herd of milch cows, including cows giving milk now and dry cows, and herd bulls were sold. Following is a list of names of men who bought cows: J. W. Baker, Jr., 1; Frank Clippie, 2; Wade Sitze, 4; D. C. Colliers, 2; H. L. Smith, 4; Foy Collins, 3; Ed Johnson, 1; Jim Baker, 1; Robert Mouw, 2; Lon Myers, 1; Frank Ralph, 2; Sam Potashnick, 1; Richard Vanover, 2; Mr. Barnard, 1; Grover Baker, 2 cows, 1 bull; Henry Vanover, 2; J. T. Byrd, East Prairie, 5 cows, 1 bull; R. E. Johnston, 2; Jake Sitze, 1; Will Matthews, 1; L. A. Matthews, 2; Lacy Allard, 1.

The aggregate dairy sales will be just a little above \$4000.

## MOREHOSE MERCHAT DIES IN HOSPITAL

Saturday, August 26, C. C. Hinson, merchant of Morehouse, succumbed to appendicitis in a hospital in St. Louis after a very short illness.

Mr. Hinson was a prominent merchant of Morehouse, having been in business there for several years.

Funeral services were conducted at the family residence in Morehouse Tuesday and interment was made in the Sikeston cemetery Tuesday afternoon.

J. W. Hampton of New Madrid was in Sikeston Wednesday attending to business.

Misses Mildred Reed and Evelyn Sutton left Sunday for Springfield, Mo., where they will enter a Business College.

A Detroit newspaper is reported to have said that Henry Ford is closing down his plants and will advise him to take positions with the railroads in order to break the strike. At present, half of the engines pulling trains over the various railroads of the country are in serious need of repairs. Here the question arises: Can a Ford mechanic repair railroad engines?

Several persons motored out to the old reliable ditch Tuesday evening and had a grand supper spread upon the grass. They were: Fred Jones and family, W. A. Welch and family, Mrs. J. R. McKinney and children, Mr. and Mrs. John Young, Miss Josephine Robinson and Cecil Jones. After returning to town, the party enjoyed dancing at the W. A. Welch home.

E. M. Carter, who was formerly Field Representative of the Southeast Missouri State Teachers' College at Cape Girardeau and who is now connected with the Education Bureau at Columbia, was in Sikeston a few hours Wednesday on his way to Charleston. The many friends of Mr. Carter were glad to see him again for while he worked in this section of the State, he built up a creditable friendly acquaintance.

William (Bud) Killian, 65, of Portageville, who shot and killed a tenant on one of his farms near Portageville, March 17, was found not guilty Tuesday in the Pemiscot County Circuit Court. Killian was charged with first degree murder, but was acquitted on the plea of self-defense. Three bullets of a 38 caliber revolver penetrated the body of Lawrence Bass. Killian is a wealthy land owner of New Madrid county.

The Missouri Constitutional Convention is wrangling over the use of the article "the" as used in indictments which sometimes lets criminals go free. Upon this word the State Supreme Court has reversed itself so the convention has called upon Justice Taft, who has made an extensive study of English Judicial System, to go to Jefferson City and give his opinion. Wouldn't it be nice if some others of us would be so particular about our every ray usage of the English language?

## COTTON BEING PICKED IN SCOTT COUNTY

Thursday morning seventeen cotton pickers were put to work in the fifty acres of cotton on the I. H. Dunaway farm, southwest of this city. This is an early and nice beginning which demonstrates that cotton can be raised in this county. This crew of pickers is a nice sized one for fifty acres and they will soon make a splendid showing in the white field. Cotton must be picked more than once. Often it requires as many as three pickings to harvest the whole crop, which sometimes finds cotton pickers in the field as late as Christmas. The reason the cotton plant requires several pickings is that all the bolls do not open at the same time. Some never ripen and frost kills their growth, but this is never a heavy loss to the cotton grower. This is the prevailing condition this far north but in the south the crop is gathered sooner because of more favorable climatic conditions. The sooner the cotton can be picked before the falling of frost is much heavier than cotton harvested after frost falls on it. The writer is an experienced cotton grower and in our next issue will be printed a story of the cotton plant from planting to ginning. Cotton is a valuable crop and we would like to see it cultivated more extensively in Scott County.

### Besmirching The Tariff

The wicked Democrats, aided and abetted by unscrupulous business men, have perfected plans for bringing the new tariff into disrepute. "The stage is set, the prices are fixed", says Congressman Campbell of Kansas. "Advances are to be made upon every article enumerated in this bill, either with specific or ad valorem duty, and the price is to be advanced on orders of importers down through to the retailers."

But why should the Kansas statesman denounce this entirely legal assault on the consumer's pocketbook as a conspiracy to besmirch the Fordney-McCumber bill? Is it not the design of this measure to raise prices quickly and violently? Is it not a notification to everybody to charge all the traffic will bear? Does it not incite and sanctify avarice? Does it not declare an open season on the ultimate purchaser and make him fair game for every category of profiteer?

Is it possible the country has misunderstood this bill? Was it the intention of its framers that only the chosen few who prepared accommodatingly its most obnoxious schedules are privileged to plunder? Are importers, retailers and Democrats excluded from collecting any part of the swag? Is there any unwritten "gentlemen's agreement" between the majority of Congress and the wool-sugar-steel camorra that the latter are exclusively licensed to raid the public, or at least are entitled to raiding priority?

The Kansas statesman's anger, hemstitched as it is with melancholy, provokes those unhappy speculations. Yet Mr. Campbell raves and grieves in vain. The wit of the protectionists has never yet contrived a tariff law of limited license. Plunger and piker, grand and petty larcenist, irrespective of creed, color, party or previous respectability, all rally around the black banner of rapacity.

The history of so-called protection is our American classic of spoils and venality. Mr. Campbell of Kansas whose district, by the way, decided in the recent primary to dispense with his services as Congressman, ought to know that the protection in practice is intensive, extensive and comprehensive plunder. —Post-Dispatch.

It is reported that railroad repair shops are one hundred million hours behind in their work. Sad momentous that time lost can never be found again.

September 12, J. F. Cox will place before the interested people in hogs, a herd of 50 recorded Spotted Poland Chinas. Each individual offering will be up to the best standard of pedigreed swine with boars which rank with the best. It will be remembered that the Spotted Polands are the fathers of all Poland China breeds. Mr. Cox has been very attentive to his herd of pure bred hogs and will place only the best on the market the day of the sale. Sale will be held at McCord Brothers' Sale Pavilion in this city.

### Status of Alien Property

The property now in the hands of the Alien Property Custodian was seized under authority of the Trading With the Enemy Act. The purpose of such seizure, as appears from the language of the act and in authoritative comments thereon by the Attorney-General, former Custodian Palmer, text-book writers and others, was to conserve and protect through governmental agencies and not to confiscate enemy-owned property in the United States, and to prevent every use of it which may be hostile and detrimental to the United States. The Custodian holds such funds as a common-law trustee. In proceedings under the act our courts have uniformly recognized this to be its meaning and purpose. That the taking of such property from its rightful owners is not confiscation, because of the substitution of a different debtor without the creditor's assent, is not an argument which rings true. May A, who holds the dual position of trustee of funds belonging to B and as a creditor of C, satisfy C's debt to him from the trust fund and require B to look to C for payment? The United States has in war always respected the ownership of property strictly private in character; unless forfeited by crime or by offenses of the owner it can be seized only by way of military necessity. The Hague Convention of 1907, duly ratified by the Senate, specifically provided that the property of an enemy cannot be con-

fiscated. To do so now would be to repudiate our own covenants and tradition policy, as well as being inexpedient and unbusinesslike.—Jas. O. Tyron in New York World.

### TO SCHOOL PATRONS

Monday morning, September 4th, enrolment will be taken in all the public schools. Beginning at 8:20 at all buildings, classes will begin Tuesday.

Let's have pupils on time and present every day during the entire term. We desire to plead for you to put school first, especially from Monday mornings till Friday evenings, allowing neither work nor play to take their minds off school work.

Get acquainted with the teachers and feel free to talk with us.

Respectfully,  
ROY V. ELLISE, Supt.

Superior Wheat Fans at Farmers Supply Co., New Bldg.

When you are ill you go for a doctor on the run. When you break a leg you want a surgeon. When you damage your Ford you run to the ten cent store and get a new part. When you want good printing, you run around town seeing which fool printer will do it the cheapest and buy of the lowest one regardless of results. If there is a print shop in a bed room you hunt for that because it over-head expense is lighter and the printer promises to divide his savings with you.—Iowa Printing Co.

### "Stocking Banks"

Thomas A. Edison says there are "too many stocking banks in the United States". He estimates the total at 15,000,000. Being a distinguished electrician, his sources of information as to the number of "stocking banks" will be questioned. But whatever the facts, it will not be denied there are too many "stocking banks". The prosperity of this institution may be attributed partly to economic fear and partly to high taxes. It is said nothing is so timid as a million dollars unless it be two millions. Little money also is wary. It suspects the dependability of business structures erected on anti-economic foundations. The much-abused law of cause and effect still has the advantage of being natural and making natural adjustments. Modern tendencies lag, because powerful blocs undertake to frustrate natural laws by substituting for them various ternalists and socialistic devices. As long as money is a ratio between demand and supply, its purchasing power will rise and fall with the market. Money will come out of the "stocknig banks" when official and private tinkers with wages and prices let nature take its course.—Peoria Transcript.

The D. A. R. will have the first meeting of the year with Mrs. Arnold Roth at the home of Mrs. L. O. Rhodes on Saturday afternoon, September 2.



# SIKESTON STANDARD

C. L. BLANTON, EDITOR

ISSUED TUESDAY AND FRIDAYS  
AT SIKESTON, MISSOURI.

Entered at the Postoffice at Sikeston, Scott County, Missouri, as second-class mail matter, according to act of Congress.

THE STANDARD is the only paper in Scott County that is published twice-a-week; for newspaper readers wanting the news while it is News, and for advertisers desiring quick results, it is the best medium.

Rates:  
Display advertising, per single column inch, net .....25c  
Reading notices, per line .....10c  
Financial Statements for banks \$6.00  
Probate notices, minimum.....\$5.00  
Yearly subscription anywhere in Scott and adjoining counties .....\$2.00  
Yearly subscription elsewhere in the United States .....\$2.50

Foreign Advertising Representative  
THE AMERICAN PRESS ASSOCIATION

The columns of this newspaper are dedicated to the principles of the Democratic party as enunciated by Thomas Jefferson and practiced by Grover Cleveland and immortalized by Woodrow Wilson. We commend and affirm the national and state platforms of 1920 and respectfully assert to electorate that it is essential to the national and state well being that all the Democratic nominees be actively supported in the coming campaign. As member publishers we concur in the foregoing declared platform of the Southeast Missouri Democratic Press Association.

## DEMOCRATIC COUNTY TICKET

- FOR REPRESENTATIVE  
Fred L. Ogilvie  
of Blodgett
- FOR PRESIDING JUDGE OF COUNTY COURT  
R. L. Harrison  
of Morley
- FOR JUDGE OF PROBATE COURT  
Thos. B. Dudley  
of Sikeston
- FOR CLERK OF THE COUNTY COURT  
J. S. Smith  
of Illinois
- FOR CLERK OF THE CIRCUIT COURT  
H. F. KIRKPATRICK  
of Benton
- FOR COLLECTOR OF REVENUE  
Emil Steck  
of Fomfelt
- RECORDER OF DEEDS  
Lee J. Welman  
of Benton
- FOR PROSECUTING ATTORNEY  
B. Hugh Smith

## Ford's Second Explanation

In the first announcement of the shutdown, effective September 16, the Ford Motor Co. gave uncertainty of the coal supply as the reason. That explanation was questioned in Washington official circles, and the doubt has been verified. It is now admitted from sources close to Ford, according to the Associated Press, that brokers have been offering coal in any quantity, with delivery guaranteed, but at prices from 100 to 300 per cent above normal. Ford refuses to pay such prices. He refuses to be held up. The shutdown is the answer.

In declaring war upon the profiteering brokers Ford says he is fighting the battle of other manufacturers as well as for the public. He believes, correctly, no doubt, that he is in a better position than anyone else to make this fight. Public sentiment, of course, will be on his side.

It is possible perhaps, that the Ford declaration of war will give the profiteers pause. The responsibility for suspending the operation of so large an enterprise and throwing such an army of men out of employment cannot be lightly viewed by the most case-hardened greed. Further, if other manufacturers, following Ford's lead, should close down, the profiteers will have defeated themselves by killing their market. This situation, apparently, demands reconsideration and a swift change of plans.

Nevertheless, the Ford company made a tactical blunder in its first announcement. Its loose statement as to the uncertainty of coal supply was liable to misinterpretation, and was misinterpreted. The words—uncertainty as to the coal supply—were taken at their face value. The plain truth, in plain language, would have had a punch which the vague, elastic excuse lacked.—Post-Dispatch.

For many reasons no newspaper cares to print unsavory escapades that occur in the community. At the same time the public is to be considered and protected. Publicity is the surest way to discourage such affairs. The lowest down criminal has some folks who are grieved to see his name in print and to them the newspapers sympathize.

# POLITICAL LETTER FROM WASHINGTON

By Wallace Bassford

Washington, D. C., August 28.—Where two or three are gathered together in Washington the conversation turns sooner or later to the monumental failure of the Republican administration. No one disputes the feat of failure, but there are differences of opinion as to why. Probably the best reason I have heard is that the party leaders are not trying to give the people what they desire and need, but rather trying to meet their obligations to the men who put up Harding's enormous campaign fund and hoping to be able to mollify the dissatisfied public on some issues which they will encourage to come to the front in the hope that more damaging ones can be thus kept in the rear. Strangely enough, it appears to some, they are willing, as evidenced by their action in having Secretary Hughes revive the Newberry scandal, to have that as an issue, for most men regard the seating of a man in the Senate after conviction of the party guilty of such action. There can be but one conclusion as to this, as ably pointed out by Chairman Hull of the Democratic National Committee and by Senator Pomerene, and that is that the Republican leaders are choosing the least of several evils. They doubtless believe that many minds about a question of moral turpitude, and that most strong party men will not be driven from their party by even a highly questionable performance done for party supremacy, hence they would rather risk the Newberry issue than to fight it out on the great increases in the cost of living surely to come from the enactment of the high tariff bill, for they well know that the most sensitive nerve in the average man's political make-up is the one that reaches his pocket-book. This is the issue they fear the most. After that comes a year and a half of Harding hard times, accentuated by four big strikes, which the administration has been utterly unable to handle. In truth, their settlement seemed to be actually delayed and hampered by the very presence of the President in the equation; his efforts seemed to be resented by both sides, with neither side willing that he should be the mediator. The only time the warring sides showed evidence of getting together was after the President got out, and the soft coal strike was then settled instantly.

Sir Robert Peel, in the days of the high tariff laws in England, before Cobden and Bright converted him, said: "Through an indirect (tariff) tax, you can tax the coat off a man's back and he will never know what is hurting him". Probably true at one time, but now men read and think and every time a man sweetens his coffee he can reflect on the knowledge that the price of the sugar he is using has been increased a third by the tariff tax placed upon it in order to force him indirectly to help enrich others. And what is true of sugar is true of a hundred articles which enter into his everyday life. The Washington tailors and clothiers are advertising, the fact that it behooves the man with a few spare dollars to lay in a suit or two before the evil days come, the days when woolen cloth will cost the dealer a third more because of the tariff bounty allowed to the American Woolen Co., with its sixty mills and its surplus of thirty-odd millions, which paid extra dividends of 15 per cent recently, and which is no infant industry in need of a nursing bottle.

I have it from one of the wise ones that Secretary Hughes has a compact with Harding through which Hughes is to be the nominee in 1924, and that Hughes is staying up nights to cultivate Uncle Hiram Johnson in order that California may not escape next time. It will be remembered that Hughes started his campaign in 1916 with a trip across the continent. He had been Governor of New York and well knew what courtesies were due from him to a Governor of a sovereign State. He went to California and Johnson was then Governor of the State; he was in the same hotel with Johnson but refused to call on him. Result, Hughes failed to carry the State, though Johnson, running for the Senate on the same ticket, won with an enormous majority. Johnson's friends slaughtered Hughes. The fact is that Hughes lost the Presidency and the people escaped his reactionary administration by reason of the nervous breakdown which he suffered the previous winter while on the Supreme Bench; he had not recovered from it when he started into the campaign and before he was himself again he had kicked the fat into the fire by indiscretions on his cross-country campaign. The facts about that break-down have never been made public, but some-

time it will be recognized as having profoundly altered the history of the country. As regards Mr. Hughes personally it was most unfortunate, but the country at large might readily take a different view.

Politics still makes strange bed-fellows. Senator Lodge must indeed be hard-pressed to endorse Alvan Tufts Fuller for lieutenant-governor of Massachusetts—probably needs Fuller's help, small a bit is. It has not been so long since Fuller referred to Lodge as "a blood-drinker" and "a senile whelp". These expressions are indicative of the depths to which the morale of the party has sunk.

A party must be in a desperate plight when it will choose the Newberry case as its least damaging issue.

## Warner, Smoot and Sugar

Charles M. Warner, president of the Warner Sugar Refining Co., a Republican voter for 55 years and long a contributor to Republican campaign funds, has smashed the Washington administration on its most vulnerable spot—the sugar tariff. He has answered the Republican Congressional Campaign Committee's whimper that it cannot rectify all at once the ills inherited from the previous administration with a challenge to which there can be no reply. He writes:

What has the Republican Congress done to cheapen the cost of living? What pledge has it redeemed? You are trying to bring the cost of labor down, but how can you expect to accomplish this and satisfy the working man if you keep the cost of living up? You may think I talk this way because I am president of one of the largest independent cane sugar refining companies I plead "guilty". My company is anxious to serve the consumer of sugar with a cheap article. I am dissatisfied and discontented in seeing a little clique in Congress passing a tariff which is wholly unnecessary, having no other purpose than to make the public pay and for no other reason than to let certain interests fatten at the expense of the public.

For the Republican campaign management to engage in a controversy over the Smoot sugar tariff would be suicidal. Republican sugar consumers might conceivably forget in the course of two months of general campaign pummeling that Smoot had sold them out to the Utah beet sugar interests and that the Senate majority had supported the betrayal, but they cannot forget it if it is made an issue and the facts are given repeated prominence. Here is an evil that cannot, by any possible construction, be classed as a heritage from the late Democratic administration. It is an unprovoked assault on the purse of every family provider in the United States.

The refreshingly frank Warner letter may be unusual, but it is symptomatic. It signifies a realization on the part of the leading minds of the party that the patchwork of political expedients in the tariff bill has not been contrived with even common intelligence, to say nothing of conscience and statesmanship. The administration is already as good as beaten if the people can be made to remember Smoot and sugar.—Post-Dispatch.

Pilots in the United States Army air service last year in 39 fields throughout the country made cross-country flights totaling 5,063,903 miles. This is a distance 202 times around the world at the equator.

The editor of The Standard is quite certain another man's religion could not be forced on him and is just as certain that our political belief is built on the same sort of foundation. The editor has never attempted to, and never expects to attempt to coerce anyone into change of opinions along either of these lines and he'll be d— if he expects to submit to coercion now or in the future.

The following prayer is reported to have gone forth from the pulpit of a negro preacher in Mississippi: "O Lawd, give thy servant this mornin' the eyes of the eagle and the wisdom of the owl, connect his soul with the gospel telephone in the central skies, luminate his brow with the sun of Heaven, pizen his mind with love for de people, turpentine his imagination, grease his lips with possum oil, loosen his tongue with the sledge hammer ob thy power, 'lectricity his brain wid de lightning' ob de word, put 'petual motion in his ahms, fill him plum full of de dynamite ob dy glory, 'noint him all over wid de kerisense oil ob dy salvation and sot him on fire. Amen."

# WHITE MUST PAY NEGRO WIFE \$6

Ward Barnett, white man of Caruthersville, Mo., was big like Jack Dempsey, but was very unlike him in one respect. Ward did not draw the color line. So several years ago he married a "black but comely" daughter of Booker T. Washington race, the ceremony taking place at Mound City, Ill. At first the home life formed a happy picture study in black and white. Then these colors were blended into a neutral scheme when in due course of time a rather shame-faced stork paid the home a visit, and later, made a second trip.

But rather and sudden-like the home picture became a study in black and neutral, the white having faded out. In other words the pale-face had left his wigwag. After a long absence during which he failed to send any love letters or money to his wife, or presents to the kids, he met them face to face before Judge Harry Hood in county court this morning.

The family reunion had not been of Barnett's own choosing. The wife, who now lives in Cairo, had sworn out a warrant for his arrest on the charge of desertion and non-support. Deputy Sheriff Frank Miller after some sleuthing had located Ward at Caruthersville and brought him back from there Thursday night.

The story as told by the wife and the weak and unconvincing explanations interjected by Barnett put a deep frown on the brow of Judge Hood, who has never yet in his judicial career shown any mercy to the wife deserter. The three color phase to the affair had not seemed to please the court greatly, either.

"No wife deserter", said the judge "will ever get by in my court", whether he be married to a black, blue, red, yellow or rainbow colored woman. You married this woman. The two children are yours. The law requires you to contribute to her and their support. The meager salary you make allows me to only order you to pay your wife six dollars a week. I wish it was so I could make it more. You will be confined in jail until you furnish bond of \$300 as a guarantee that this weekly amount will be paid to your family. "And if you find bondsmen who are willing to trust a wife deserter do not forget to tell them that this is no bond for appearance in court but payment as ordered by the court any time you fail to make the weekly payment as ordered by the court then the bond of \$300 will be demanded", warned the court.

While sending out calls for bondsmen, Barnett was locked in the county jail.—Cairo Citizen.

Mrs. Harriet de Kraft Woods, superintendent of the Library of Congress, started work as a clerk in the library and gradually worked her way up to the present post.

## GLASSES



If I have sold you glasses that are not giving entire satisfaction, bring 'em back to me.

DR. LONG

Eye Specialist Kready Bldg.

## J. GOLDSTEIN,

Purchaser of Scrap Iron Old Metal of All Kinds Rags, Feathers and Rubber

Located in J. A. Matthews' Wagon Yard

Cash paid for everything

"Service That Satisfies"



DALLAS J. TYSON AUCTIONEER

My knowledge of values in all lines and how to get them insures you real sale. Write, wire or see me now for a sale date.

SIKESTON, MO.

New patterns in 36 in. percales 20c and 25c.—Pinnell Store Co.  
The oldest aeronautical laboratory in the United States from the point of view of continuous service is that of the Massachusetts Institute of Technology.

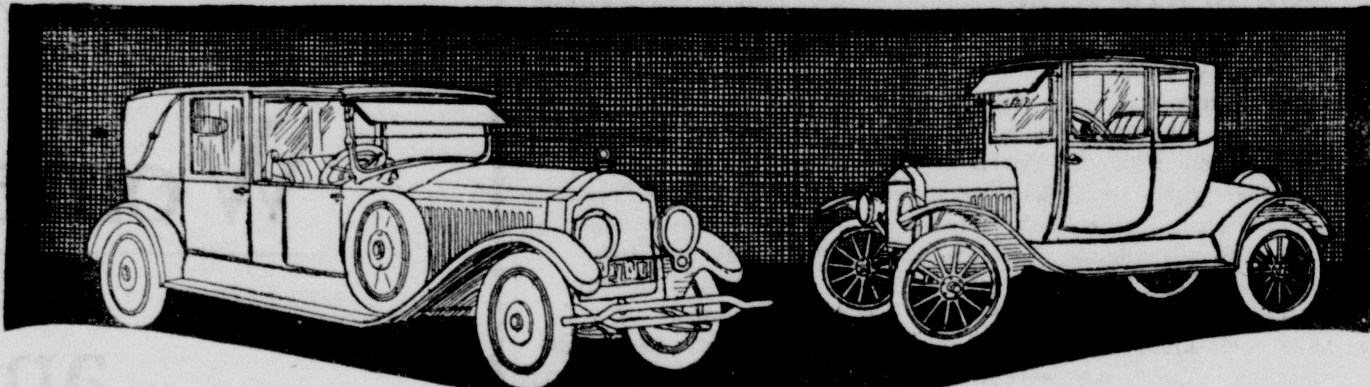
In preparing breakfast a woman takes 446 steps in preparing lunch 661 steps, and in preparing dinner 990 steps unless she lives in a kitchenette apartment.

Superior Wheat Fans at Farmers Supply Co., New Bldg.

Boys' Palm Beach pants \$2.00.—Pinnell Store Co.

In one year the population of one of the important watchmaking towns in Switzerland has decreased by nearly 1500 on account of the depression in the industry.

# The finishing touch for your car



HANDSOME ENOUGH IN DESIGN FOR A \$5000 CAR—LOW ENOUGH IN COST FOR THE MAN WHO PUTS ECONOMY FIRST



For Day Driving  
Protects driver's eyes from sun glare and road glare, keeps the car cool, makes driving a pleasure.



For Night Driving  
Cuts off glare of street lamps and head lights—makes night driving safe. Why take chances? You could buy a dozen Visors for the cost of a single accident.



For Stormy Weather  
Always clear vision and clean windshield. No windshield cleaner needed, no necessity for putting head out in storm to see road.

THE A-L-T SUNBEAM VISOR is as distinctive in design, material and workmanship as the finest car built; yet its cost is far below that of many inferior products. Whether you own a Ford or a Packard you can dress up your car with this handsome piece of equipment.

And you will find it the most practical accessory you ever bought; enables you to drive in comfort against glaring sunlight or head lamps; keeps your windshield clean in stormy weather and gives you clear vision; protects you from accidents that might cost you many times the price of the Visor.

Come in and let us tell you more about it. Price only. .... \$16<sup>00</sup>

LOUIS C. ERDMANN

Dodge Brothers Dealer

Sikeston, Mo.

## BEVERLY GLEN FARM

# Offers For Sale

At McCord Bros. Sale Pavilion  
Sikeston, Mo.

Tuesday, September 12

AT ONE O'CLOCK P. M.

50 RECORDED SPOTTED POLAND CHINA HOGS

Consisting of Tried Sows, Bred Sows, Open Gilts and Boars

We Grow No Culls. We Do Not Breed the Cull Producing Kind; some are better than others of course, according to your opinion, but we have no culls to offer. Every individual offering will be up to the standard, and your price will be ours, although there will be bred gilts in this sale that would have sold above a price indicated by three figures. We could not afford to reduce the number of our offering, as to have done so would have disappointed the public attending the sale.

Our Boars Are As Good As The Best

They show conformation, size and type, and we know they are reliable progenitors because we know the history of their ancestors from way back.

Don't Forget The Date, September 12th, To Do So You Will Miss The Opportunity Of Perhaps A Life Time

And Remember The "Polkadots" Are The Fathers Of All Poland Chinas. For Catalogue and further particulars, address

J. F. COX, Owner and Mgr.  
SIKESTON, MISSOURI



# FARM MACHINERY AT PRICES

## FARMERS CAN PAY

In order to assist the farmer toward FARMING AT A PROFIT, we offer the following:

10 disc Supreme Wheat Drill	\$70.00	12-16 disc harrow, with truck	\$47.50
12 disc Supreme Wheat Drill	\$85.00	14-16 disc harrow, with truck	\$50.00
14 disc Supreme Wheat Drill	\$100.00	14-16 disc harrow, with truck	\$52.50
All have double run feed		14-18 disc harrow, with truck	\$55.00
"New Idea" Manure Spreader	\$125.00	16-20 disc harrow, with truck	\$62.50
The highest class spreader made.		Tractor disc harrow, 32-18	\$125.00

# FARMERS SUPPLY COMPANY

## NEW BUILDING

### ACTIVE INTEREST SHOWN IN COMING FAIR

Reports from various places thru the four counties which will be represented in the Southeast Missouri District Fair, indicate that an enthusiastic interest is being displayed as to it realizing an unprecedented success. Coming from New Madrid County are reliable accounts that there is a general zealous desire to see this Fair bigger and better than all former ones. Information from Stoddard, Mississippi and Scott Counties bear messages of equal desire.

Though several important prob-

### No. 932 OFFICIAL STATEMENT of the financial condition of the Citizens Bank of Skeston

At Skeston, State of Missouri, at the close of business on the 22nd day of August, 1922, published in the Skeston Standard, a newspaper printed and published at Skeston, State of Missouri, on the 1st day of September, 1922.

RESOURCES	
Loans and discounts, undoubtedly good on personal or collateral	\$278 233 90
Loans, real estate	975 00
Overdrafts	0 00
Other real estate	5 000 00
Furniture and fixtures	2 000 00
Due from other banks and bankers, subject to check	53 350 55
Cash items	822 89
Cash on hand (currency, gold, silver and other coin)	6 243 45
Scott County Warrants	248 75
Equity in Real Estate	24 683 16
<b>Total</b>	<b>\$371 557 70</b>

LIABILITIES	
Capital stock paid in	\$ 50 000 00
Surplus fund	50 000 00
Undivided profits, net	4 013 40
Due to banks and bankers subject to check	000 00
Individual deposits subject to check	183 838 63
Time certificates of deposits	46 518 30
Demand certificates of deposit and Cashier's Checks	3 963 58
Savings deposits	33 223 79
Bills payable and rediscounts	000 00
<b>Total</b>	<b>\$371 557 70</b>

State of Missouri, s. s.  
County of Scott, ss.

We, G. B. Greer as president and C. E. Dover as cashier of said bank, each of us, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of our knowledge and belief.

G. B. Greer, Pres.  
C. E. Dover, Cashier

Subscribed and sworn to before me, this 28th day of August A. D. nineteen hundred and twenty-two.

Witness my hand and notarial seal on the date last aforesaid. (Commissioned and qualified for a term expiring April 28, 1925.)

Irene Hollister,  
Notary Public.  
H. L. Smith  
Jas. M. Klein  
R. L. Calvin  
Directors.

### WILLIAM T. RUSHING TEACHER OF PIANO

Instruction From Primary to Advanced Grade

Studio at residence of Dr. J. H. Keady  
opens Monday, Sept. 11, 1922

### DIVISION ON PUBLIC HEALTH PROVISIONS

Jefferson City, August 30.—The public health fight in the constitution convention today moved from councils of the committee on public health and welfare to the floor of the convention with filing of majority and minority reports by the committee. Seven members of the committee signed the majority report, which urges writing into the Constitution the following section:

"The General Assembly shall provide means for the safeguarding and promotion of the public health and welfare."

The other member, Alonzo Tubbs, of Owensville, formerly a practicing physician, and author, while a member of the Legislature, of an antitippling bill, made the minority report, in which he recommended adoption of this provision:

"No authority shall be conferred upon any board of health or other conservators of the public health to compel any person or persons to submit to any medical treatment for the prevention, cure or spread of any disease against his or her will. Nor in the enforcement of any sanitary, hygienic or quarantine measure shall any family be forcibly separated."

Tubbs, who said that he does not belong to the Christian Science or any other church, but that he "does not believe in the idea of medicine and never did believe in it much", drew his minority suggestion to meet the general objections to majority sentiment on the committees. The question before the committee has been the subject probably of the hardest fight which has vexed subdivisions on the convention.

J. R. Powell of Kansas City, a representative of the Christian Science Church, last week asked the committee if it would add to the section proposed by the majority these words, "but no form of medication shall be exclusive or compulsory", according to the committee.

The committee agreed to do that if he were willing to have added "except in case of epidemics". This was not acceptable, however.

Mrs. Walter McNab Miller, chairman of the committee, said members of the body believe that no new power would be conferred upon the Legislature by this proposed new section, but merely would write into the Constitution in definite words power already in the hands of the State Government under its police powers.

Mr. and Mrs. Earl Pate, of near Jackson, are visiting their parents. Jess Mayfield, of Jackson drove down Wednesday for a brief visit with relatives and friends.

The B. Y. P. U. of the Baptist church had a very enjoyable picnic supper Tuesday evening in the park south of Skeston.

The highest prices received this year through the efforts of the Southeast Missouri Melon Growers Association on a car was, for cash, track sale, 30 pound average, \$300; the highest confirmed wire sale of the season was \$375 a car for a 33-pound average. Several cars have sold for more than \$350.

### Poplar Bluff Fair Revived

A news item several days ago from Poplar Bluff stated that the Butler County fair would be discontinued this year owing to the fact that indebtedness on the grounds, which had not been and apparently could not be satisfied, would force a sale of the property, which was to be advertised at foreclosure in a short time. More recently, however, representative citizens, led principally by Dwight H. Brown, of the Daily American, and W. Earl Brite, Secretary of the Chamber of Commerce there, have come to the aid of the institution, and sufficient funds have been guaranteed to pay up interest due on the indebtedness and an extension of time will be secured, though the formality of a sale may be gone thru.

A committee has been busy for some days past securing funds from the business houses wherewith to pay the premiums to be offered this year and it is planned to cut off 20 acres of the Fair Association's holdings, divide it up into city lots and offer them for sale at reasonable prices. It is believed that public spirited citizens will purchase these lots, or what remains of them after genuine investors have bought what they may desire, and it is expected this fund will take care of the whole amount of the Association's indebtedness, and the organization be placed on a sound financial footing.

The Poplar Bluff Fair is trying a rather unique plan this year—that of giving free admission to everyone. Funds for premiums, purses, etc., will be raised by other methods and it is sought to arouse a deep and abiding interest on the part of the people of the whole county by inducing them all to visit the big display at least one time, and it is believed that they will do so if they know there is no charge for their admission.

Much credit is due the two gentlemen above named, we believe, for taking hold of the Association during its life and death struggle, but our acquaintance with Messrs. Brown and Brite convince us that this is just the sort of persons they are—big, self-sacrificing, public-spirited go-getters. If the people of Poplar Bluff will rally to their support they will yet have a firmly established, permanent and paying fair each year, just as they are entitled to have.—Caruthersville Democrat.

The Girl Scouts will have their first meeting at headquarters on September 7.

Miss Margaret O'Connell, of Sedalia, is visiting her sister, Mrs. L. B. Adams, Little Ann Adams, who has been spending the summer with her grandparents, Dr. and Mrs. O'Connell, returned with Miss Margaret.

Elmer Frazier returned Tuesday night from Anderson, Ind., where he has been to attend the funeral of his mother, Mrs. Sarah Hindon. Mrs. Hindon succumbed to death after suffering several months with a broken back which she received on Decoration Day. She was 76 yrs. old and died Thursday morning at 8:30. She leaves to mourn her loss, four children, and the many friends of Mr. Frazier in Skeston extend to him, their sympathy in the bereavement of so dear a relative.

### FARM BUREAU NEWS OF SCOTT COUNTY

#### That \$100 Scholarship

The time limit for getting in application for the \$100 Missouri Pacific scholarship for attending the short course at the Missouri College of Agriculture has been extended until September 15th. Applications will be received at the Farm Bureau office until that time. Any boy or man between the ages of sixteen and thirty can make application. Blanks for making application can be assured from the County Agricultural Agent.

#### Poultry Culling

This is the time of the year to cull the poultry flock. Hens that are not laying now will not likely lay many eggs before the first of next year. By getting rid of the culls at this time of the year you not only save a feed bill for the winter on non-productive hens, but you have your best laying hens left from which to save, hatchling eggs. By following this system, year after year, one can soon build up a flock of a high laying strain.

The Farm Bureau office co-operating with the County Poultry Association is in position to do a considerable amount of culling this fall. Any party wanting their poultry flock culled should call or write County Agent Board at the Farm Bureau office, Benton. A schedule of culling work will soon be made out and if you delay this matter you may be too late to get in on it.

#### Poultry Flock Co-operators.

The first of last November was started out with twenty-five farmers or their wives keeping a record of their poultry flock. This record consisted of reporting the egg production and also the feed cost. Most of this number have continued the work throughout the year. As a result of this work about one dozen parties have made a sufficient record for the flock to be certified by the College of Agriculture as having a good laying strain of chickens and a pure variety. A poultry specialists will come to our county the last of September and visit the co-operators who wish to produce certified poultry. The best of their flock will be picked out and next spring will be mated with a cockerel from hens of a high egg laying record.

Poultry men who wish to get in for this work for another year beginning November 1st will please make application to the Farm Bureau or to the President or Secretary of the Scott County Poultry Association. J. J. Reiss of Skeston is President and John F. Glasser of Commerce, Secretary.

#### Why Peach Trees Broke to Pieces This Year

A great many people are apt to believe that the peach trees that were so badly broken up this year was caused by the heavy load they were carrying. This is true enough but if the trees had had proper pruning, they could have carried the same load without much danger of breaking to pieces. A few orchards in Scott County that have had proper pruning showed little damage this year.

The peach tree properly pruned from the time it was set out will be much stronger than the average tree is also the peaches will be borne on the tree rather than out on the tips of the limbs.

#### Farmers Will Co-operate in Ordering Fruit Trees This Fall

Two years ago the New Hamburg Peach Club was formed and several hundred trees were ordered and set out. Those trees that have had proper care and that were not damaged by hail have made a wonderful growth and look very fine at this time. The County Agent has visited the orchards of Louie Halter, Henry Brockmeyer and John Scherer. These trees have all had good attention and have made a wonderful growth this year. No doubt most of the other club members have also had good luck with their trees.

A number of farmers wish to set out orchards this fall and are making arrangements to order their trees. Not only in the hill section but in the district around Skeston there is big interest in the production of fruit. Any farmer wanting to put in their order with the others so that we can get a better price by ordering in large quantities will please get in touch with the Farm Bureau office.

#### Sweet Potato Seed to Be Certified

E. M. Page of the College of Agriculture, Columbia, will be in Scott County on Wednesday, August 30th to visit sweet potato fields and certify same for pure seed. Any sweet potato grower wishing to have his seed certified by the Agricultural College should make same known to the County Agricultural Agent.

W. E. Hollingsworth and family motored to Cairo Tuesday.

Miss Eva Hess left Monday of Sparks, Nev., where she will attend school this session.

Miss Nellie Ware, of Fredericktown, was the guest of Miss Effie Sellards, Tuesday night.

Mrs. C. C. White left Wednesday afternoon for Liberty, Mo., where she will attend a meeting of the Board of Trustees of the Odd Fellows Home.

Eli Ables has repurchased the Potter's Shoe Shop, corner King and Front streets and is moving back to Skeston after having lived in Kentucky awhile.

Harold Hess, who is connected with the Arizona Republic of Phoenix, Arizona, arrived in town Saturday for a visit with his parents, Dr. and Mrs. J. A. Hess.

Victor Reaves, of Portageville, who has been employed for the Himmelberger-Harrison Lumber Co., of Morehouse for the past several weeks on relief duty, was in Skeston Wednesday several hours en route to his home.

Mr. and Mrs. J. C. Brown of Atlanta, Ga., were visitors at the C. C. White home Tuesday. The guests were on their way home after a visit with relatives in Bertrand. Mr. Brown is a teacher in one of the public schools of Atlanta.

Reports that the Frisco trains thru Chaffee would be discontinued if the guards were permitted to remain in the yards after 5 p. m. Tuesday, must have been erroneous because trains are yet running and we are informed from Frisco operators here, that the trains are yet running as usual.



### New Fall Millinery Now On Display

COMPLETE VARIETY OF FALL COLORS TO CHOOSE FROM

THE SEASON'S MOST FAVORED MATERIALS

Miss Daisy Garden



LOCAL AND PERSONAL  
FROM NEW MADRID

The Republican Central Committee met in New Madrid Tuesday, August 29 and selected the following:

Circuit Judge, C. G. Sheppard, Caruthersville; Circuit Clerk, Frank Haines, Portageville; County Clerk, J. J. Greer, Parma; Prosecuting Attorney, Claude S. Hale, Morehouse; Recorder of Deeds, Peter Smith, New Madrid; Collector of Revenue, Claude Blackman, Parma; Probate Judge, I. L. Parrett, Lilbourn; Presiding Judge of the County Court, C. F. Meene Meyer, Gideon; Judge of 1st District, B. F. Swartz, Matthews.

The Judge of the 2nd District and Representative have been filled, but are waiting on the acceptance of the parties.

J. W. Sarff of Morehouse was a business visitor in our city Tuesday.

Mrs. A. J. Wallace of Hayti spent the week-end with Miss Julia Griffith.

Send your cleaning and pressing by parcel post to Pitman's Tailor Shop.

Mrs. W. N. Roberts of Matthews was in New Madrid on business Wednesday.

A. C. Sikes and Guy Stewart of Sikeston were New Madrid visitors Tuesday.

Miss Nona Marie Townsend is in Parma this week, the guest of Miss Lula Malcolm.

Miss Mabel Berry of Paducah, Ky., arrived last week on a visit to Mrs. W. D. Howard.

Ralph Anderson and Robert Neentemeyer of Gideon were visitors in New Madrid Tuesday.

Miss Elsie Burkett left Tuesday for Vicksburg, Miss., on a visit to her sister, Mrs. J. A. Powell.

The family of J. K. Robbins left Wednesday for St. Louis to make their home for the winter.

Mrs. M. F. Ehlers and son John, returned Tuesday from a visit to friends in Knobnoster, Mo.

Miss Corretta Pharris of Cairo came down last Friday for a week's visit with Miss Mildred Carrigan.

Mr. and Mrs. Ralph Brissenden and children of Cape Girardeau were week-end guests at the Finch home.

Mrs. James A. Finch and children left Wednesday for Cape Girardeau and Fomfelt, on a visit to relatives and friends.

Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Tanner and sister, Miss Mag Tanner, of Sikeston visited Mr. and Mrs. James A. Finch, Sunday.

Miss Hilma Boyer returned Sunday night from Chicago, where she spent several months attending summer school and visiting her sister, Mrs. C. Rassmussen.

Mr. and Mrs. J. C. Russell, Mr. and Mrs. E. P. Deal and Miss Dorothy Ragsdale of Charleston were Sunday visitors in New Madrid.

Mr. and Mrs. J. R. Cheatam of Union City, Tenn., arrived last week on a visit to their daughter, Mrs. J. M. Massengill and family.

John G. Russell of Sikeston and brother T. P. Russell, of Cape Girardeau were transacting business at the Court House, Tuesday.

Miss Orva V. Waters visited in Cape Girardeau several days last week, returning home she was accompanied by Miss Ruth Sample.

Clarence Hutson, representative of the Himmelberger-Harrison Lumber Co., Cape Girardeau, was in our city looking after the Company's interest.

John G. Russell of the Russell Bros. Implement Co., of Sikeston and Arch S. Russell were transacting business in New Madrid Tuesday.

W. S. Edwards, two sons, Walter and John, Harry Hart, James Austin Finch are enjoying a camping on one of Mr. Edwards' farms near Little River.

Mrs. Roy Anderson and little daughter, Mary Martha returned to their home in Arlington, Tenn., after an extensive visit with her mother, Mrs. Mary Griffith.

M. F. Ehlers, President of the Commercial Trust Company, left Wednesday on a business trip to St. Louis and Kansas City and a visit to relatives at Kinsley, Kansas.

Rev. O. A. Bowers was called to East Prairie to conduct the funeral services of the eight-year-old son of Louis Broadhacker. The little fellow and his mother were visiting at Champaign, Ill., and he happened in some way to be on railroad track and was run over by the train.

Mrs. Floyd Hummel entertained a number of this younger set Monday evening with a dancing party, complimentary to her niece, Miss Orva V. Waters and Miss Ruth Sample of Cape Girardeau. At a late hour delicious refreshments of brick ice cream and cake were served.

Miss Linda Stewart was hostess for the Tuesday Bridge Club, with Mrs. Wm. Skipwith of Memphis, Tenn. and Mrs. J. C. St. Mary playing as substitutes. Mrs. Lee Hummel received an embroidered handkerchief for excellent playing. A salad luncheon was served at the conclusion of the game.

Mrs. James A. Finch entertained a number of her friends with a sewing club Tuesday afternoon complimentary to her guest, Mrs. Ralph Brissenden of Cape Girardeau. Those present were Mesdames John E. Hart, Curtis Buesching, W. S. Edwards, Alfred Stepp, and Jesse M. Miles. Refreshments were served.

The Busy Bee Club was entertained at the home of Mrs. Ed Hampton Wednesday afternoon. The time was spent in pleasant conversation and

sewing. It being Mrs. Hampton's birthday anniversary, the Club members presented her with a sewing basket. A two-course luncheon was served. The visitors were Mesdames L. B. Howard and H. G. Sharp and Misses Mildred Lewis and Mabel Berry of Paducah, Ky.

About thirty of the young members of the Methodist Church met at the home of Mr. and Mrs. James A. Finch last Thursday evening for the purpose of organizing a Young People's Epworth League. All officers were elected and in about two weeks they will be installed, at which time the names will be given for publication. After the business matters of the meeting were transacted, a social hour was had, and games were played and contests had, after which delicious refreshments were served.

Attorneys Gallivan & Finch returned from Caruthersville Tuesday evening, where they assisted in the defense of the trial of Wm. Killion for murder. Killion, age 62 years, killed a tenant, named Lawrence Bass, near Portageville, March 17. The trouble rose over an argument, when Killion claiming self-defense, shot and killed Bass. Last May a change of venue was taken to Caruthersville. This trial attracted much attention as Killion was an extensive landowner and was prominent socially. The jury was out about one hour, when it returned a verdict for acquittal. Gallivan & Finch of this city, Ward & Reeves of Caruthersville, were the attorneys for the defense and James F. Fulbright, of Doniphan, B. A. McKay of Caruthersville, E. F. Sharp, Marston, assisted J. M. Massengill in the prosecution.

The doctors say that people don't drink enough water. How'd it do to pass a law prohibiting the drinking of water?—Roanoke Times.

If you have a coat to be lined or a suit to be changed into the latest style, or a suit to be dyed, send it by parcel post to Pitman's Tailor Shop, Sikeston, Mo.

Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Middleton have purchased the house occupied by Mr. Wilkinson and owned by Mrs. Jennie Sells on Lake St. Mr. and Mrs. Middleton will move as soon as they can get possession of the house.

It is annoying, but it is a part of the people's education. Falling down teaches babies to walk. Burning their fingers teaches them to avoid fire. A sufficient number of hard bumps may teach this intellectual Nation to vote.

A Charleston girl of seventeen was talking to the man who had been the family physician for three decades and she asked the question, "Do you think the flappers are inadequately dressed?" "Well," he replied slowly, "you do have a little more on than when I first met you". And he left her to think it over.—Charleston Index.

NEW MADRID COUNTY  
FARM BUREAU NEWS

Farm Bureau Meetings Well Attended in New Madrid County

Six farmers meetings were held in New Madrid County at Parma, Bisco, Gideon, Matthews, New Madrid, and Portageville. The attendance at these meetings averaged around 100 farmers and their families.

Moving pictures were shown at all the meetings except Portageville, showing the control of hog cholera and round worms in hogs.

Paul B. Naylor of the Agricultural College, University of Missouri, Columbia, addressed these meetings and at every meeting the farmers expressed their desire to have Mr. Naylor back at some future time. Following each meeting constructive work is being done by the farmers to perfect their organization. At Parma, the first meeting of the week was held and on account of the bad weather, very few people attended, but the merchants and business men of the town scheduled the meeting two days following and a large number of people attended the meeting. The business houses closed and farmers and merchants had a great meeting together. They planned to have a community day at some future time which is worked out by a committee appointed by their chairman at the meeting. The community day will be taken part in by the merchants, banks, churches, schools, lodges and other organizations. The committee appointed (J. P. Salyers acting as chairman of the committee) were as follows: Joe A. Parker, E. V. Jewett, Geo. M. Meir, C. H. Post and S. B. Rademaker.

This committee will make the plans for a community day

Membership Campaign Progressing Well

The eight solicitors in New Madrid County Farm Bureau in the field to date have signed approximately 85 to 90 per cent of the farmers interviewed concerning their membership in the New Madrid County Farm Bureau State National Organization. A. J. Renner, Secretary of the New Madrid County Farm Bureau is acting as Campaign Manager.

Horticulturist in New Madrid County

E. M. Page of the Agricultural Extension Service will be in New Madrid on next Thursday for certifying sweet potatoes for seed. Certification for sweet potatoes means practically the same thing as certifying seed wheat. This is done in order to improve the sweet potatoes in the county and adjoining counties.

Special in towels. 21x42 bath towels 25c.—Pinnell Store Co.

John Graham, farmer of near La Forge, was in town Wednesday attending to business.

If you have a coat to be lined or a suit to be changed into the latest style, or a suit to be dyed, send it by parcel post to Pitman's Tailor Shop, Sikeston, Mo.

The following spent a very delightful day with Mr. and Mrs. Ed Kendall at their home near Kewanee, Tuesday: Mrs. Harry Smith, Misses Gladys Kendall, Myra and Burnice Tanner, Irma Wilson and Camille Klein.

T. P. Russell, of Hayti, was in town Tuesday attending to business matters. Mr. Russell is one of the trio of Russell Brothers owning the Russell Bros. Implement Co. T. P. has extensive land interest in Pemiscot County near Pascola and Swift.

It was not thought advisable by Messrs. Forney and McCumber to make public the conference between the House and Senate on the tariff bill. Their expectation has been that if people knew what was going on there would be such a clamor from interested quarters that no hope could be held of making an early conference report. Not that the people who are to be victimized by the new rates would cry out or in any way indicate either pain or displeasure. The expected uproar would be altogether from quarters not satisfied with their share of the political bonus. The people who pay it are serenely unconscious of what lies ahead. They know only that their trusted servants, the Republicans, are in control, and it will not take a great deal of exhorting to induce them to continue that control at the fall elections. No end of people have warned the Republican leaders that the new tariff bill will cost the party control of the Government, but the Republican leaders only laugh and point to a record of almost unbroken rule through a half century of political plundering. What they keep in mind is that there is a sucker born every minute, which has proved enough.—Clark McAdams in Post-Dispatch.

ANNOUNCING THE FALL  
SALE OF

Elm Grove Farm Poland  
Chinas

TUESDAY, OCTOBER 10, 1922

McCord Bros. Sale Pavilion  
SIKESTON, MO.

DE KREKO BROS. SHOWS  
LAND CONVENTION PLUM

Cairo, Ill., August 25.—DeKreko Bros. Shows landed one of the biggest plums of the fall season this week when Harry E. Crandell, general agent, signed a contract with Geo. H. Pratt, chairman of the concessions committee, for the shows to be the midway attractions at the fourth annual American Legion Convention at New Orleans, La., October 15 to 22, inclusive.

The shows will be set up on Canal street, near the docks (on the streets and on lots), which will be the first time this street has ever been used by a carnival. Directly in front of the shows will be the Convention Hall, and all the water sports will take place within three blocks of the setting. The convention committee is looking forward to entertaining at least 200,000 delegates, an, as many will bring their families, it is estimated that there will be near half a million visitors in New Orleans that week. They have spent \$35,000 for electrical equipment alone, and there will be fifty bands on hand. Warships, destroyers, foreign ships and foreign battle ships will be in the harbor, and a big review will be held, with many famous warriors to direct the stunts. There will also be boat races, boxing, airplanes, golf, rodeo and baseball events staged. Considering all things the DeKreko Bros. Shows figure they have a splendid set of fall dates ahead. Harry Crandell deserves much credit for his able handling of the routing, and especially in getting this date.

Last week in Murphysboro the shows had the biggest day of the season on Thursday and the whole week's business was fine. When the people heard that the coal strike was over everyone seemed to want to celebrate, and this they proceeded to do. The shows moved to Vienna for the Johnson County Fair and opened on Tuesday to a fair business despite a heavy rain that fell during the day. Wednesday and Thursday were Derby Days at the fair.

Harry Suydan has a new top on his Righto game. John Ellis, the "Greek Demon", has charge of the Athletic Show front and is doing a good business. Gabe DeKreko arrived back on the shows after being away a month in San Antonio. His Wonderland Show has many improvements, due to the efforts of Happy Reitz. The Baldwin Family of four people has joined Leon Braughton's show with a novelty act that is taking good Jean DeKreko has been confined to his stateroom for four days and at the present writing is some improved. Clara Darr sprained her foot while diving last Thursday, but was able to do her act on Tuesday night.

The next stop is Cairo, Ill., under the W. O. W., with the chairman of the committee, Harry Eichenberger, an old trouper, who will be remembered by the old-timers. From there the shows play the home-coming celebration at Jackson, Mo.; then two more fairs, at Sikeston and Cape Girardeau, Mo., before the long jump into Ville Platte, La., which will be followed by six other fair dates.—Billboard.

W. T. Shanks of Sikeston was a business visitor in New Madrid, Wednesday.

Belgium will hold a "matrimonial celebration" in order to bring together affinities.

FOR RENT—Five-rooms and bath, water and lights. Solid foundation of brick. Eastern exposure, young orchard of plums and cherries. Apply to Sikeston Mercantile Co.

Have your suit cleaned, pressed for the Fair at Pitman's Tailor Shop. Health score charts are being used in school rooms for the determination of the physical condition of the children attending school.

On account of his business taking him to St. Louis to live a man has authorized us to sell you his home at a real bargain. If interested see Sikeston Realty & Loan Co., Citizens Bank Building.

The average mail circulation in the United States is said to be 112 first class letters per capita each year. A good many, of course, are statements of account, but the comparatively low number of remittances helps keep the average down.

Police Chief Meadows and Constable Boswell of Morehouse were in Sikeston Thursday and paid The Standard an appreciative call. They had been to New Madrid in connection with the Keltie Cloar scrapes pulled off in that city recently.

Wm. Vernon Holland and Miss Carrie May Brooks, living northwest of Sikeston, were married at Ed Wilson's restaurant Thursday at 12:30 noon by the Rev. Clarence Greer of Little Rock, Ark. The bride is but 15 years of age, but had the consent of both father and mother.

A story that harks back to the Civil War concerns a troop of Confederate mountain volunteers and their colonel. They had been sent for by a certain Confederate town, but before they could arrive the Federal forces were in command of the city. The auxiliaries arrived in the night and found the town deserted. Not caring to mix unnecessarily with the Union troops, they turned around and rode out of town by the first gate and road they found. Before them stretched a smooth fine highway, and they took it for all they were worth. They rode all night without passing any villages or signs of civilization. The countryside seemed not only deserted but demolished as well. When the sun peeped over the Blue Ridge Mountains the colonel drew up suddenly. "What's the matter, suh?" asked his lieutenant. "Dammit, suh", roared the colonel, "we've been galloping around a race track all night."—The Argonaut.

Send your cleaning and pressing by parcel post to Pitman's Tailor Shop.

Best grade taffeta silk, \$3.00 quality or \$2.00 per yard.—Pinnell Store Co. WANTED—To rent three or four furnished rooms for light housekeeping.—Mrs. Frank Newton, rooms 4-5 Citizens Bank Bldg. tf.

LOST—Last Thursday a black leather folder purse with bills of large denomination and trunk check numbered G101644. Finder please return to Mr. Reichle at Marshall Hotel. Reward. 1t pd.

Malone Theater

A solid week of selected Goldwyn Big Picturers.

MONDAY AND TUESDAY, SEPTEMBER 4 and 5

A Frank Lloyd Production HOUSE PETER in

"THE MAN FROM LOST RIVER" A powerful photodrama of conflicting love interest, with its locale a Northwestern lumber camp. Story of Katherine Newlin Burt author of "The Branding Iron" and "Snow-blind".

WEDNESDAY, SEPTEMBER 6

TOM MOORE in

"MR. BARNES OF NEW YORK" Handsome, debonair, genial, spilling for a fight or frolic, he will charm the heart right out of your chest.

THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 7

MAX LINDER in

"BE MY WIFE" The story of a troublesome marriage that turn out to be a dream and a real struggle to win a wife.

FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 8

MABEL NORMAND in

The adorable Mabel plays a wild little acrobat from Italy in this side-splitting comedy of Broadway life.

SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 9

CULLEN LANDIS and PATSY RUTH MILLER in

"WATCH YOUR STEP" A Zippy comedy that shatters all screen records for speed and action. Serial No. 5 GEO. WALSH in

"STANLEY IN AFRICA"

AESOP FABLES

MATINEE AT 3:00 P. M. Change of Comedies and News reels each night.

Announcement

I am pleased to inform the public that I have purchased my old shoe repairing business and am now in charge and ready for your business. Give me a call.

ELI ABLES

"Whoop-la! Whoop-la! Heap big eats! Gee, what if real Indians got some of these goodly Kellogg's Corn Flakes! Betcha they wouldn't let us fellers have any at all! Hurry up, they might come in any minute!"



Change your diet today!  
make it  
**Kellogg's**  
CORN FLAKES

Every day this summer more and more men, women and children are cutting down on the heavy, indigestible foods and turning to a lighter diet for health's sake. They are getting away from that uncomfortable drowsiness

and sluggishness and they find they can think and work and play better and get more enjoyment out of the hot days.

Kellogg's Corn Flakes are ideal for breakfast, for lunch, for any meal or between-times nibbles because they not only nourish, but are so easy to digest! With cold milk, Kellogg's are wonderfully delicious.

Nothing can be better for the children than Kellogg's! And, how the little tots love them—Kellogg's are so crispy and crunchy and refreshing!

Order Kellogg's today—the kind in the RED and GREEN package that bears the signature of W. K. Kellogg, originator of Kellogg's Corn Flakes. None are genuine without it!



Also makers of  
KELLOGG'S  
KRUMBLE  
and  
KELLOGG'S  
BRAN, cooked  
and krumbled



## CONCON CONVENTION IS GRINDING SLOWLY

Jefferson City, August 25.—President Cassius M. Shartell of the Constitutional Convention spoke Friday night from the radio broadcasting station in the state capital, giving an official message from the convention which was heard at stations all over the state. Special interest was taken in the speech at Sedalia, where the loud-speaking apparatus made it possible for the people at the State Fair to hear him clearly.

Mr. Shartell reviewed the work of the convention from the time of its organization in May until the present, briefly outlining its method of procedure and its accomplishments, which he considers commendable. The great changes in conditions since the old constitution was enacted in 1875, the speaker said, made the work of the convention more complicated and the problems hard to solve, thus taking much time for thorough consideration. Answering some of the critics outside the convention, Mr. Shartell said:

"I believe the convention will be able to save the taxpayers of the state each year several times the cost of the convention in reduced expenses and taxes. I have made these suggestions for the reason that ever since the constitutional convention amendment was adopted there has been a persistent propaganda circulated that we did not need a new or revised constitution, that the old one was good enough. This seems to have been continued since the convention met, by persistent propaganda that we are doing nothing. Many statements have been made that were untrue. No one objects to fair criticism, but criticism based upon a misstatement of facts is unfair to the convention and to the people who sent us here to do this work. I think it is very likely that this persistent propaganda is being put out by certain interests outside of the convention—the usual invisible government—in the hope that if the convention disturbs their hold on the state they may be able to defeat its ratification at the polls. Isn't it possible that the great trusts and combines, the large corporations, the professional office holders, the many commissions that are fastened upon the people to regulate their affairs, the vested grafts and many vested interests which are now having their own way, are all satisfied with the existing constitution and the superstructure which they have built upon it, and do not desire that any part of it shall be disturbed? So the good citizen who is interested only in good government, the welfare of the many, not the few, should not be influenced by this propaganda until the work of the convention is finished and they can judge for themselves of its value to the people. The convention is doing good, sound work and I believe will revise the constitution in the interest of all of the people of the state so that Missouri may grow, not only in a material way, but in the development of an educated, intelligent citizenship."

The report of the Committee on Legislation, taken up by the convention sitting as the committee of the whole, has been under fire all the week, but only minute changes have been made from the original draft submitted by the committee.

The important changes in the committee report from the old constitution consisted in a reduction of the biennial sessions of the general assembly from seventy to sixty days, the increasing of the pay of members

from \$5 to \$10 per day and the limiting of clerical expenses to \$400 per day in the assembly and \$300 per day in the senate; limiting special sessions to thirty days at \$10 per day and revising sessions to ninety days at \$10 per day, and the methods of filling vacancies where they occur within twenty days of the opening of the general assembly or during its sessions.

The first opposition to the committee report came over the question of filling vacancies. The committee provision calls for appointment by the governor from the party with which the member causing the vacancy was affiliated. One amendment proposed was to have a member selected by the county committee and then appointed by the governor; another provided for a party convention to select a member to be appointed by the governor and a third would leave the section the same as in the old constitution, which provides only for a special election in all cases. The amendments were all voted down and the committee recommendation adopted.

Objection was next raised to the shortening of the regular sessions, and amendments providing for ninety and seventy days were proposed for regular sessions and 120 days for revising sessions. These were also defeated after thorough discussion.

A surprise was sprung on the members when an amendment was offered to the provision for biennial sessions, changing the time to four years, and without discussion it was passed by a vote of 34 to 33. However, a vote to reconsider was carried and the question was discussed on both sides. The opposition to the quadrennial session was that it was taking away from the people one of the most potent instruments for the correction of bad legislation and the enacting laws for which there was a popular demand. On the other side it was contended that there were already too many laws on the statute books and there should be a repealing instead of a revising session; that the people would be better served if no session was held for five or ten years. But the supporters of the biennial session were firm in their conviction that there was no call from the people for any such radical changes, and when the vote was taken the amendment was lost by a vote of 51 to 13.

Indications are that the committee report as a whole will be adopted practically as presented, and the few changes made from the present constitution will be approved by the convention.

The report of the Committee on Judiciary, which was withdrawn from general debate, will be taken up section by section for amendment when it next comes before the convention. Many suggestions have been offered by members for amendments that it is believed will meet the principal objections to committee report. There seems to be a disposition on the part of the committee to make concessions in the interest of harmony and it may introduce amendments on the floor of the convention what will go a long way toward smoothing the troubled waters stirred up by the general debate on the new proposed judicial system, and yet make it a decided improvement over the old system now in use.

Notice has been given to the convention that the Committee on Suffrage and Elections will call up its report for discussion in the committee of the whole as soon as it is thru with the consideration of the Legislative Committee report. This report will probably be under discussion practically all of the coming week.

# Seats Now On Sale!

Reserved Seat and Box Seat Tickets are now on sale at The Bijou. It is best to make your reservations early, because the attractions to be seen in front of the grandstand will make an extra heavy demand for seats. We are offering Auto Polo, Phil Baxter's Orchestra of Dallas, Texas, the three Fords and good racing as attractions in front of the grandstand.

## Box Seats 50c

Each box contains six seats. This does not include admission at the gate. No War Tax.

## Reserved Seats 25c

This does not include admission at the gate. No War Tax.

Out of town patrons of the fair can secure these tickets by writing to the treasurer, the secretary, or direct to The Bijou. Out of town orders will receive immediate attention.

These Tickets On Sale at The Bijou

## Southeast Missouri District Fair

September 13, 14, 15, 16, 1922

J. L. MATTHEWS, Treasurer

C. L. BLANTON, Jr., Secretary



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A Line of Unusual Value, Embracing  
All The Most Popular And Demanded Styles  
In High Class Hats at  
Popular Prices

### ELITE HAT SHOP

### ANNOUNCEMENT

The Sisters of Mercy have added to their faculty a talented instructor in music and are now ready to take pupils for instruction in piano and violin.

Pupil may apply at Parochial School near the Catholic Church on Front Street.

SISTER MARY ROSE

Double liability of stockholders in state banks and trust companies which may hereafter be organized in the state may be imposed by act of the General Assembly if a provision adopted by the Committee on Corporations becomes a part of the new constitution. It also provides a way for banks and trust companies now organized to take advantage of the provision if they so desire. The proposed revised section reads as follows:

Section 9. Stockholders. Extent of Liability.—Dues from private corporations shall be prescribed by law, but in no case shall any stockholder be individually liable in any amount over and above the amount of stock owned by him or her, provided, however, that the owners of stock in banks and trust companies hereafter formed shall be liable in an additional sum of one hundred per centum of the par value of stock owned by them, which liability shall be several and not joint if it is further provided that any bank or trust company now created shall be privileged, by the unanimous vote of the stockholders, to be liable in an additional sum of one hundred per centum of the par value of the stock owned by them, which liability shall be several and not joint.

The committee has modified section 11, defining corporations, so as to include what is known as "common law trusts" under the corporation laws of the state. In this list the committee includes joint stock companies, associations or business trusts having any powers not possessed by individuals or partnerships; provided, however, the term "business trusts", as used in this constitution, shall include only such voluntary equitable trusts created by a written instrument or declaration of trusts, the beneficial interest under which is divided into transferable certificates of participation or shares.

The provision in section 12 relating to the long and short haul and commutation tickets is modified to meet the requirements of the federal transportation act, which now controls all rate matters.

A new section is added to the constitution which is intended to provide rural communities with such facilities for the safe and convenient conduct of business as is afforded those

communities in which trust companies are maintained. It provides that: "Banks heretofore or hereafter incorporated under the laws of this state shall have power to act as executors, administrators, curators and trustees under such regulations as may be required by law."

By adopting the subcommittee report on exemptions the Committee on Taxation will propose important changes to the provisions in the old constitution, including the exemption from taxation of bonds or other obligations issued by the state or any political subdivision thereof, and household furniture used as such up to \$300. The amended sections read as follows:

Section 6. Property Exempt from Taxation.—The property, real and personal, of the state, counties and other municipal corporations, and all bonds or other obligations hereafter issued by the state or any political subdivision thereof, shall be exempt from taxation.

Cemeteries, not held for private profit, and all moneys and personal property and the income thereon, owned by associations incorporated as cemetery associations, and required by their charters to use such money and personal property for the sole and only purpose of improving, embellishing, and preserving the grounds owned by such corporations, or property held in trust for such purposes, shall be exempt from taxation.

Lots in incorporated cities or towns, or within one mile of the limits of any such city or town, to the extent of two acres, and lots one mile or more distant from such cities or towns, to the extent of five acres, with the buildings thereon, may be exempted from taxation when the same are used exclusively for religious worship, for schools or for purposes purely charitable; also, such property, real or personal, as may be used exclusively for agricultural or horticultural societies, not operated for private profit, and household furniture used as such up to three hundred dollars, may be exempted from taxation. Provided, that such exemption shall be only by general law.

Section 7. Other Exemptions. Void.—All laws exempting property from taxation, other than the pro-

erty enumerated in this constitution, shall be void.

The budget proposition, reported by the subcommittee of the Committee on Executive and Ministerial Departments, has been passed on favorably by the committee as a whole and will be included in its recommendations to the convention. It will provide, as has been stated before, that the governor shall require statements of expenditures and estimated expenses of the various departments before the convening of the General Assembly and within fifteen days after its convening submit a budget covering all proposed expenditures and estimated revenues of the state government for the ensuing two-year period. The legislature and the judiciary are also required to submit to the governor estimates of their expenses within ten days after the convening of the General Assembly.

In a leading editorial in the St. Louis Globe-Democrat of August 22 the statement is made that of the 329 proposals submitted only three had passed the committee stage. This is a misstatement of facts, though possibly not intentional. The three reports before the convention include eighty proposals that have been considered by the three committees. All the proposals submitted have been given consideration and more than 100 will be included in other reports due to be submitted within a few days.

The convention on Wednesday declined with thanks an invitation to attend the state fair in a body on Thursday or Friday as guests of the Fair Board and the citizens of Sedalia. With the work now being considered by the convention each day, sitting as the committee of the whole, it was not deemed best to take any time off for such a purpose.

A resolution was introduced Wednesday, to be acted on August 29, to the effect that when the convention adjourns on September 2, it adjourn until Monday, November 12 the week following the general election. The reason given was that the lawyers in the convention would have court duties to perform in September and

October. It is not thought that it will meet with general approval by the members of the convention, most of whom wish to push ahead and complete the work, now so well under way.

Night sessions have been held several evenings this week by some of the committees in an effort to complete their reports, several of which are practically ready to submit to the convention.

An unusual type of return for a banded bird was recently sent in to the United States Department of Agriculture from Corning, Ohio. On June 29 a band was taken from the stomach of a black snake which had been placed on a fledgling cat-bird five days before by the same person who found it.

### FARM WOMEN IMPROVE HOME SEWING METHODS

Farm women in sections are cooperating actively in clothing work as carried on with the assistance of State and county extension workers. In this work local representatives or leaders, selected by the various communities in a county, come together at some convenient point for training. Provided with the necessary teaching helps, these women repeat to organized groups in their own neighborhood the instruction they have received and gather up reports on work done. The success of local leadership is due not only to the ability and devotion of local women but to the simple, practical basis to which extension workers have reduced their teaching.

According to reports received by the United States Department of Agriculture the things that are receiving particular attention are the making and use of dress forms; alteration of patterns and making of fitted-to-measure foundation patterns; clothing construction processes; remodeling; renovation; garment finishes; use of machine attachments; clothing hygiene, including the selection of shoes and corsets; millinery; and selection of textile materials and ready-made clothing for quality and design. As a result of the work, farm women have been enabled to improve their ability to select materials and to remodel and make garments and other articles of clothing at home.

Mongolian women have dismensed with the wearing of veil.

At the age of 25 years, Miss Helen K. Wallace, a licensed minister of the Baptist Church in Alton, N. H. is the youngest woman preacher in New England.

For the first time in its history of over 50 years the recent annual meeting of the Cremation Society of England was presided over by a woman, Mrs. Spencer Graves.

Senora Dolores Arriaga de Buck, recently elected a member of the Supreme Court of the State of San Luis Potosi, Mexico, is the first woman to hold such an office in that country.

### \$7,357,975 APPORTIONED TO COUNTIES FOR ROAD PROGRAM

Jefferson City, August 24.—More than seven and one-third million dollars is the apportionment to Missouri counties since 1921 under the present road-building program of the State, exclusive of the \$60,000,000 road bond issue, a statement of the road fund just issued by the State Highway Department shows.

The gross total of the State road fund since January, 1921, is given by the State Highway Department as \$8,753,178.90. Of that amount, the appropriations for different departments, necessary in the administration of the State road program and the handling of the funds, will consume \$1,395,200 at the end of this year, leaving a net total for apportionments to the counties of \$7,357,975.90.

For carrying out the provisions of the Morgan-McCullough road law, the available funds total \$7,239,865.18, according to the statement. Completion of the plans will consume \$6,232,633.35 of the above total, leaving \$1,007,231.83 in funds not required for the Morgan-McCullough program and not set aside at this date.

Administration of the State Highway Department was the most costly of the different items of the \$1,395,200 appropriation, the statement shows. The highway administration cost, during 1921 and 1922, \$428,900. Second largest in the appropriations items is that of the State drag fund for \$400,000. Other items in the same appropriation include: Secretary of State for the registration of motor vehicles, \$390,000; State Treasurer for clerical help, \$10,000; State Treasurer for option stamps, \$45,000; Secretary of State for corporation registration, \$25,600; Secretary of State for new equipment, \$10,200; State Treasurer for clerk hire, \$10,600; Secretary of State for registration, \$96,000, and the Millersburg road project in Callaway County, \$20,000.

Good L. L. brown muslin, 10c.—Pinnell Store Co.

In Korea, a girl who is unmarried at the age of 15 is considered an "old maid".

You obtain more heat with less oil in the new Nesco Perfect oil stove.—Farmers Supply Furn. Dept.

The only woman Supreme Court Clerk in the United States is said to be Miss Eugenia Davis of Phoenix, Ariz.

A common tern banded as a fledgling at Brigantine, N. J., August 13, 1920, holds one of the long-distance records for this species, according to reports to the United States Department of Agriculture. It was retaken on May 20, 1922, at Paria Bay, Blanchisseuse, Trinidad. Another common tern on record was banded as a nestling on the coast of Maine, and recovered four years later in the delta of the Niger River, on the west coast of Africa.



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Today you can order your Fair suit made for you at a price as low as for ready-mades. A selection of 400 Pure Wool Fabrics awaits you, distinctive patterns that are sure to appeal. Make your selection now, delivery to be made at any date you prefer.

Remember our prices are very reasonable.

\$27, \$30, \$35, \$40 and up

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# UNITED STATES ALONE CAN SAVE EUROPE

London, August 26.—Former Gov. Cox of Ohio spent an hour and a half with Premier Lloyd George at breakfast this morning, discussing international affairs with particular reference to the aggravated economic and financial situation in Europe. Mr. Cox was reticent to make public the substance of his conversation with the Prime Minister, confining his remarks to newspaper men with his personal impressions of Mr. Lloyd George. He explained that he felt he must be more circumspect, and adhere more closely to the proprieties as the guest of a foreign government than he would be at home, where he could talk more freely.

"It was a cordial and delightful meeting", he said. "Mr. Lloyd George was extremely gracious and hospitable. He possesses all the homely virtues which make an ideal host. I was struck with his youthful appearance, his buoyant spirit and flexibility of mind. He is apparently a man who goes to bed early, sleeps soundly and does not worry about anything. He has unbounded capacity for work and possesses the rare combination of gentleness and strength. I was much impressed with his resemblance to Lincoln. Like our great President, he has a happy faculty of illustrating his points with a witty anecdote or story. Like Lincoln, also, he has a firm grasp of the homely affairs of everyday life. In fact, the prevailing note in his character is his simplicity and humaneness. After breakfast, he lit his briar pipe and chatted in the most intimate way with me, as if I were an old friend".

Mr. Cox said he had received a second invitation from the Irish Government to visit Ireland, but feared that his limited time in England would not permit his going. When informed that the trip could be made in four or five hours by airplane, the former Governor said:

"No, thank you".

Judge Maxey of Scranton, after the breakfast, presented Mr. Lloyd George with an illuminated expression of good-will from the Welsh people of Pennsylvania.

Before going to the Premier's residence in Downing street this morning, Cox gave out a statement to the American and British press dealing with the economic plight of Europe and quoting the German Chancellor, Dr. Wirth, as saying to him a few days ago in Berlin:

"Unless the United States inter-

ests herself within European affairs within a very short time, all in Germany is lost and all in Central Europe as well".

Cox's statement follows:

"The storm center of the economic world is Central Europe. Those who have visited Austria and Germany are of one opinion as to the state of things now and the tragic point to which both countries are drifting. Austria has reached a stage of almost complete dissolution.

"The nations of Europe are deadlocked on the reparations question. There seems to be no relief on this side of the Atlantic. The master key is held by the United States. No decision by England seems likely to be accepted by the French. The French Government will not sanction a proposal from Germany which might approximate a readjustment of the figures now in the minds of French statesmen, because that circumstance might be regarded by the public opinion of France as a surrender to Germany.

"There is no respite, and every hour is fraught with danger. It is well to summarize the contentions of both France and Germany.

"Since the end of the war France has sold approximately \$10,000,000,000 worth of bonds to her own people upon the reparations by which she would have been reimbursed by Germans in compliance with the terms of the peace treaty. Germany says she lost a fourth of her grain lands and altogether one-tenth of her territory. She issued about \$25,000,000,000 worth of bonds during the war and a deficit of \$10,000,000,000 remains as a floating debt. The fiscal state of both countries without economic stabilization portends but one result.

"In the midst of this situation two false impressions obtain in Europe: First, that France is aggressively militaristic, and, second, that Germany is making munitions and preparing for war. The military policy of France is based upon the desire to protect herself against invasion. With assurances on this point she will reduce her army.

"The Government of Germany desires peace. The leaders are progressively democratic and the story of hidden arms, with the exception of unimportant sporadic community instances, is pure fiction. Germany has 20,000,000 more people than she can sustain except under high industrial stress. When the mark was 100 to 200 to the dollar there were certain trade advantages accruing to Germany, but in the present circumstances the banks of Germany cannot finance the industries of that

country in the purchase of raw products and foodstuffs.

"Unless relief is granted shops will soon be closed, millions will be out of employment and the winter will bring the threat if not the certainty of starvation.

"With economic collapse the government will go down, too. If Germany fails, France is without reimbursement and cannot sustain the loss involved without serious consequences.

"Within the last week I had a long interview with Chancellor Wirth in Berlin. He summarized the situation by saying with deepest emotion:

"Unless the United States interests herself in European affairs within a very short time all in Germany is lost, and all in Central Europe as well".

"Recognizing that this statement broke the fetter of diplomatic usage in France, authority to repeat it in Chancellor Wirth's name to the people of the United States is given without reservation."

Cox said it is not too late to prevent disaster, that the American Government, acting in intervention on behalf of the United States, could do it without any inconsistency with the existing policy.

Cox also advocates the designation of Herbert Hoover as an American representative on the Reparations Commission.

The American Bar Association at its meeting in San Francisco offered some valuable suggestions looking to needed changes in judicial proceedings. One of its good features was the declaration that "The pistol serves no useful purpose in a community", and recommended that "its manufacture and sale be prohibited, except as such manufacture and sale shall be necessary for government and official use under proper legal regulation and control". It was said that more than 90 per cent of the crimes committed are due to the pistol carrying habit. It was also recommended that the parole and pardon laws are ineffective and abused, and should be limited to first offenders. Those convicted of homicide, burglary, rape or highway robbery should not be amenable to parole or pardon. The association also went on record as demanding such changes in law as would do away with needless delays in criminal cases, such as dilatory motions, appeals, etc. If the association will back its conclusions with earnest work to make them effective, the people of the United States will be vastly benefited.

## MUSCLE SHOALS NOT LOST TO FORD

Altho the Senate Committee on Agriculture declined by a vote of 7 to 9 to report favorably the Ford proposal to develop the Government's great power and fertilizer plant at Muscle Shoals, I believe Congress, eventually, will accept the Ford offer, in a modified form that fully protects the Government's interests. The committee also decided against the Norris bill for Government development of the project.

I am for the Ford proposition unreservedly, because Henry Ford is the best man in the United States to handle the Muscle Shoals job. When I make a personal business deal for any man's services, I select the best man I can find regardless of his political views. Furthermore, Ford's offer is the only private proposal having enough merit in it to entitle it to any consideration whatever. On this point even the committee was unanimous.

It is plainly a case of developing this great project by Henry Ford, or by the Government under direction of Secretary Weeks of the War Department. I think the farmers prefer Ford to Weeks for this big job. They believe Henry Ford, an intensely practical industrial genius, will come nearer to smashing the Fertilizer Trust than will Secretary Weeks, whose close affiliations with big business are common knowledge. Nor have the farmers forgotten that Secretary Weeks has on numerous occasions publicly expressed his opposition to the Farm Bloc, and has shown no sympathy for agriculture or interest in the problems of the farmer. Ford wants to see the farmers have a fair chance.

After being here on the ground in Washington and seeing Government mismanagement of railroads and Shipping Board at close hand, I have no hesitancy in supporting the Ford proposition strongly.

Ford is in fact the man who breathed the breath of life into Muscle Shoals. Until he interested himself in the project it was dead. The War Department had about decided to abandon it and charge off the enormous amount invested there as one of the regrettable but inevitable losses of the war. Then Ford and Thomas A. Edison looked the project over and Ford decided he could complete it and produce at minimum cost an enormous amount of electric power, and great quantities of commercial fertilizer at a cost so low it would free the farmers of the United States from the grip of the Fertilizer Trust. There is no question, I think, about the latter proposition. I believe thoroughly in the sincerity of Ford and his ability to smash the Fertilizer Trust. That is one of the reasons I am for his proposal.

However, a great cry arose at once that an effort was being made to give Ford something for nothing. Forgotten entirely was the fact that the Government was annually sinking great sums of money in keeping up the abandoned project; that to complete its development and operation by the Government would mean an unbroken stream of the taxpayers' money for years, and that at best Ford could not make to exceed 8 per cent.

Men who had inveighed against government mismanagement of railroads and shipping suddenly became champions of government development and operation of water powers and nitrate plants.

It appears that hatred of Henry Ford, or dislike for his political views, is so great that many men who detest government ownership and government operation of industry are willing to swallow even that bad mouthful rather than see Ford get Muscle Shoals.

The situation makes apparent what a hard fight is ahead of those Senators who wish to see Ford develop Muscle Shoals, but I believe in the end it will result in victory. Victory may not come at this session of Congress. The men who don't like Ford, and the influences that wish to see no development of Muscle Shoals may combine with those that wish to see the Government, and no private agency, develop the property, and so defeat the Ford proposition, but we shall fight hard to prevent that.

Losing a skirmish doesn't matter if you finally win the battle. The Senators who are backing the Ford proposition as the only really practical proposal for the development of Muscle Shoals for service in time of war and to furnish farmers with cheap fertilizers in time of peace, have a big fight on their hands and are in that fight for a finish. As I see it, it is Ford and the people on one side, and the Fertilizer Trust and the private waterpower interests on the other. In the end Ford and the people will win.—Arthur Capper, Washington, D. C.

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YOU'LL find here the hat that looks particularly well on you. That's certain, because we have such variety and such good style.

### Popular Prices

## Caps For Men and Boys

Our caps always reflect style and quality. That's why so many come to Quality Corner for a nifty cap at a moderate price. Whether it be a hat or cap, you'll find it here.

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## Special Announcement

Our Fall and winter stock is now coming in every day, and we are now prepared to take care of your wants. You will need to prepare for the great Fair in such lines as Dress Goods, Shoes, Hats and Hose for yourself and family.

### A FEW SPECIALS

We have some boys' knee pants suits to close.

\$15.50 values at - \$8.00  
\$12.50 values at - \$7.00

Also a few men's suits, \$35.00 values, at \$18.00

## Pinnell Store Company

The Store Where You Get the Most of the Best for the Least

### FEDERAL-AID ROADS INCREASED 600 MILES

Nearly 600 miles nearer the goal of a completed system of highways for the United States is the report of the Bureau of Public Roads of the United States Department of Agriculture for the month of July. The final goal, the construction of a system of approximately 180,000 miles of Federal-aid highway consisting of a network of trunk line and secondary roads reaching into practically every county is still a long way off, but we are 5,392 miles nearer than at the beginning of the year according to the bureau.

Completed Federal-aid roads now total 18,299 miles with 14,912 miles under construction and approximately 60 per cent complete. Including projects not yet under construction Federal-aid roads in all stages now total 40,338 miles.

There is no indication of any slackening of the greatly increased rate of progress which began with the season of 1921 as the States continue to pour in plans for new projects and place them under construction as rapidly as possible. Nearly twelve and one-half million dollars was obligated to new projects in June and July, and in the week ending August 5 reports were received of the letting of 68 new projects and announcements of 57 to be let.

At the present time the force of the bureau is taxed to the limit with the examination of new plans and projects, inspection of roads under construction and the planning of the Federal-aid highway system which is being gotten into final shape.

Six years ago the State of Kansas started near Lansing an Industrial farm for women criminals, and in that brief period 2000 women and girl prisoners have received its fostering care.

### BRYAN TO TAKE THE STUMP FOR HITCHCOCK OF NEBRASKA

Washington, August 29.—William Jennings Bryan announced today he would "take the stump" for his former political enemy, Senator Gilbert M. Hitchcock, who is seeking reelection to the Senate from Nebraska. Bryan's indorsement of Hitchcock officially ends the old feud within the Democratic party.

"The questions over which we once fought have all been settled

and we all stand on the same platform now", said Bryan, in indorsing Senator Hitchcock. "I will speak for Senator Hitchcock and for the whole Democratic ticket in Nebraska. I shall open my campaign there about October 1". Leading the Nebraska Democratic State ticket as candidate for the governorship is Charles Bryan, brother of William J. The national issues, Bryan added, in the November elections will be the revenue and tariff bills and "Newberryism".

## LOOK!

We still have quite a few bargains on hand yet. Friday and Saturday are our last days to offer this stock at retail prices, to clean up the entire stock. We will give from 10 to 20 per cent off on all ladies' coats, men's wear, and in fact most everything. We guarantee every article to be a big value for the money.

Embroidery and laces, per yd.	2c to 10c
Ribbons per yd.	5c to 10c
Dress braids, per yd.	2c to 5c
Dress serge, per yd.	50c
Crochet thread	5c
Men's and boys' collars	5c
Men's and boys' ties	25c
Men's and boys' belts	25c
Caps	25c and 50c
Boys' shirts	25c
Boys' knee pants	50c and 75c

A Grab Sale From 2:00 p. m. to 10:00 p. m. at 10c a grab. Every grab worth from 25c to \$1.00.

Bankrupt Store Two Doors South Standard Office

## E. G. GRIGSBY

The Bankrupt Sale Two Doors South Standard Office



## STANDARD WAS RIGHT IN THE CLOAR CASE

The Standard regrets to have it made necessary to again publish facts concerning Kelzie Cloar in the attempted rape case which took place in Morehouse, August 14. In our issue of August 29, we printed an article under the caption "Sikestonians Commit Serious Outrages". Due to protest from certain individuals of Sikeston claiming that we were wrong and the article was false, it becomes our painful duty to again print the story which will be given more in detail.

Part of The Standard publishing staff made a special trip to Morehouse Wednesday afternoon for the purpose of a personal interview with the Chief of Police, Sam Meadows and the Constable, J. M. Boswell, of that city. They gave the official report in particular. The Chief of Police gave the following account of the affair which involved Kelzie Cloar.

"I was walking along the street when a little boy came running up to me and said 'come down here, they have killed a man.' I started running and then the little girl (Rose Belle Murry) came running up to me saying: 'Mr. Meadows, they have killed a man in my house and Kelzie Cloar is after me and is trying to abuse me and make me drink White Mule.' When I ran into the house, I saw Kelzie sitting around her and the other arm around Joe Baty. They were drinking 'white mule' and the Mrs. Murry was drunk.

"Sam Prince was lying on the floor and I thought he was dead but he was knocked out by Kelzie because Sam had tried to take the little girl's part when Kelzie had her upon his lap and trying to make her drink some whiskey. At this Sam Prince took up for the girl and was hurt. Then the little girl ran out and Kelzie grabbed at her making a scratch on her arm."

"How old is the little girl?" the reporter asked the Chief.

"She is about 14 years old", replied the officer.

"Has she a bad reputation here as to her character?"

"If she has I never heard of it", replied Mr. Meadows, and this statement was seconded by Mr. Boswell, the Constable. "Her mother has a bad character, but we never knew of the girl doing anything wrong", further stated Officer Meadows.

The Standard, in its Tuesday's issue, said that Cloar took the girl driving and that her age was seventeen. This was even milder than official reports show it. The crime was committed at the girl's home and she was only fourteen years of age. We also said this happened in Mississippi County, but it happened in New Madrid County. Upon these errors we stand corrected.

Official report from Chief Meadows, show that three and possibly more complaints have been filed in the Prosecuting Attorney's office at New Madrid. One warrant has already been issued for Cloar's arrest for transporting liquor. Chief Meadows has this warrant. The three complaints filed are for attempt to rape Rose Belle Murry, disturbing peace and transporting liquor.

Thus stand the reports we received from official sources. The actions of Kelzie Cloar and Joe Baty and Mrs. Murry while in the city jail are not eligible to be printed. Cloar's whereabouts are unknown to authorities and consequently no warrants have been served upon him.

The Standard regrets to have to make this public and it is done with no personal enmity toward anyone. But is society to contend with such illicit happenings? Are we to have such crimes committed and make no endeavor to stop them? Is such not a horrid example for our children to see and hear about, to be perpetrated and tolerated? It is for the moral benefit of the public that we warn them against such men that other young girls may beware and not fall a victim to such terrible lepractices. It was not our intention to make any further comment upon this matter, but we are forced to publish this more in detail to substantiate the news article in our issue of 29th inst.

Mrs. C. E. Mitchell and children and Mrs. Meyers returned Tuesday from Gary, Ind., where they had been for a visit to Hal Meyers and family. They report Hal and family to be holding their own in their new home.

## CHAFFEE STRIKE NEATLY AVOIDED

Chaffee, August 30.—A late agreement between members of the Four Brotherhoods, employees of the Frisco railroad here, and Vice-President Hutchison of the railway company, prevented the threatened strike of the trainmen at 6 p. m. Tuesday.

The agreement provides:

1. That the National Guardsmen are to be kept at the roundhouse, and are not to patrol the railroad yards.
2. That the guardsmen, when they visit the town, are not to carry weapons.

2. That the guardsmen, when six men to be stationed at six entrances to the roundhouse to admit trainmen who are to work on the trains, without passes or permits from the commander of the National Guard.

The agreement went into effect immediately after a conference of the representatives of the trainmen, and Vice-President Hutchison held here, shortly before the time set for the strike Tuesday. The agreement was entered into without qualification by the trainmen and the railroad official.

Walkout of the trainmen was called for late Tuesday after a meeting Sunday when an ultimatum was sent to the railroad officials stating that unless the Guardsmen were removed the trainmen would refuse to work. It was explained by the trainmen that they objected to going to their work in the face of machine guns, and through a sentry line of armed men. They stated that they were forced to secure passes from the commanding officer of the National Guard to enter the roundhouse to start work each day.

### To Standardize Their Wheat

To standardize the wheat and other field crops of Southeast Missouri within the next ten years is the agreement reached recently by representatives of the farm organizations of the alluvial counties of the section. They propose to conduct a continuous campaign for the universal use of approved seed only, thru this great territory. Only three varieties of wheat will be sown: Fultz, Fulcaster and Poole. These have been found most productive under local conditions of soil and climate in a series of trials by the Missouri Agricultural Experiment Station.

Corn varieties similarly chosen for purposes of standardization throughout eight counties are St. Charles White, St. Charles Yellow, Boone or Johnson County White and Reid's Yellow Dent.

Work along the line of crop improvement will be chiefly in field inspection of seed and certification of such fields as pass the rigid test applied by the inspectors from the College of Agriculture. Such fields will be saved for seed and in this way pure varieties of high yielding types of cotton, wheat, corn and legumes will be recommended to farmers in the territory.

This is but one phase of a ten-year program adopted for Southeast Missouri recently by the farm bureaus of Cape Girardeau, Scott, Mississippi, Stoddard, New Madrid, Butler, Dunklin and Pemiscot counties.

A. C. Spark Plugs, 50c.—Farmers Supply Co., Hardware Department.

Rex Adams of Mound City, Ill., is visiting his sister, Miss Stella Adams.

The E. J. Keith family, who have been spending the month of August in Indiana, returned to Sikeston Tuesday.

Mrs. East and son Bernard left Tuesday night for Columbia, where they expect to make their home for the next two years.

Mr. and Mrs. Lynn Stallcup and daughters, Misses Elizabeth and Lynette, returned Tuesday, after a month's sojourn in Wisconsin.

The presidential administration is yet wanting Congress to grant it power to take temporary control of railroads and coal mines. We wonder what Mr. Harding would have to say to railroad executives in event he had such power.

According to reports received by the United States Department of Agriculture, there have been 143,212 muskrat skins shipped from Alaska since December 1, 1921. This is almost as many as were shipped during the entire year of 1919.

## Women of Sikeston and Vicinity

We cordially invite you  
to our

## Special Feature Showing

of the Wonderful Educational  
Film

## "Fashion and Health"

TWO REELS OF STARTLING FACTS  
REGARDING CORSETS

Millions of women are seeing it all over the country.  
Don't miss this opportunity.

MALONE THEATRE  
Monday Evening, September 4th, 1922  
IN CONNECTION WITH REGULAR SHOW

## Stubbs Clothing Co.

Wearing Apparel for Men, Women  
and Children

### Status of Alien Property

The property now in the hands of the Alien Property Custodian was seized under authority of the Trading With the Enemy Act. The purpose of such seizure, as appears from the language of the act and in authoritative comments thereon by the Attorney-General, former Custodian Palmer, text-book writers and others, was to conserve and protect through governmental agencies and not to confiscate enemy-owned property in the United States, and to prevent every use of it which may be hostile and detrimental to the United States. The Custodian holds such funds as a common-law trustee. In proceedings under the act our courts have uniformly recognized this to be its meaning and purpose. That the taking of such property from its rightful owners is not confiscation, because of the substitution of a different debtor without the creditor's assent, is not an argument which rings true. May A, who holds the dual position of trustee of funds being loaned to B and as a creditor of C, satisfy C's debt to him from the trust fund and require B to look to C for payment? The United States has in war always respected the ownership of property strictly private in character; unless forfeited by crime or by offenses of the owner it can be seized only by way of military necessity. The Hague Convention of 1907, duly ratified by the Senate, specifically provided that the property of an enemy cannot be con-

fiscated. To do so now would be to repudiate our own covenants and tradition policy, as well as being inexpedient and unbusinesslike.—Jas. O. Tyron in New York World.

### TO SCHOOL PATRONS

Monday morning, September 4th, enrolment will be taken in all the public schools. Beginning at 8:20 at all buildings, classes will begin Tuesday.

Let's have pupils on time and present every day during the entire term. We desire to plead for you to put school first, especially from Monday mornings till Friday evenings, allowing neither work nor play to take their minds off school work.

Get acquainted with the teachers and feel free to talk with us.

Respectfully,  
ROY V. ELLISE, Supt.

Superior Wheat Fans at Farmers Supply Co., New Bldg.

When you are ill you go for a doctor on the run. When you break a leg you want a surgeon. When you damage your Ford you run to the tent store and get a new part. When you want good printing, you run around town seeing which fool printer will do it the cheapest and buy of the lowest one regardless of results. If there is a print shop in a bed room you hunt for that because it overhead expense is lighter and the printer promises to divide his savings with you.—Iowa Printing Co.

### "Stocking Banks"

Thomas A. Edison says there are "too many stocking banks in the United States". He estimates the total at 15,000,000. Being a distinguished electrician, his sources of information as to the number of "stocking banks" will be questioned. But whatever the facts, it will not be denied there are too many "stocking banks". The prosperity of this institution may be attributed partly to economic fear and partly to high taxes. It is said nothing is so timid as a million dollars unless it be two millions. Little money also is wary. It suspects the dependability of business structures erected on anti-economic foundations. The much-abused law of cause and effect still has the advantage of being natural and making natural adjustments. Modern tendencies lag, because powerful blocs undertake to frustrate natural laws by substituting for them various ternalists and socialistic devices. As long as money is a ratio between demand and supply, its purchasing power will rise and fall with the market. Money will come out of the "stocking banks" when official and private tinkers with wages and prices let nature take its course.—Peoria Transcript.

The D. A. R. will have the first meeting of the year with Mrs. Arnold Roth at the home of Mrs. L. O. Rhodes on Saturday afternoon, September 2.

## BAKER ESTATE CLOS- ED OUT AT AUCTION

Thursday and Friday, August 24 and 25, the entire estate of Lewis Baker was placed at auction by his administratrix, Mrs. Mable Baker. A complete disposition was made of the whole estate, totaling at the close of the second day for everything sold approximately \$8000.

The first day's sales was devoted to the disposition of farming implements, mules, mares and farm horses. The receipts for this day's sale were approximately \$4000.

The second day the entire herd of milk cows, including cows giving milk now and dry cows, and herd bulls were sold. Following is a list of names of men who bought cows: J. W. Baker, Jr., 1; Frank Clippie, Oran, 2; Wade Sitze, 4; D. C. Colliers, Bertrand, 2; H. L. Smith, 4; Foy Collins, 3; Ed Johnson, 1; Jim Baker, 1; Robert Mouw, 2; Lon Myers, 1; Frank Ralph, 2; Sam Potashnick, 1; Richard Vanover, 2; Mr. Barnard, 1; Grover Baker, 2 cows, 1 bull; Henry Vanover, 2; J. T. Byrd, East Prairie, 5 cows, 1 bull; R. E. Johnston, 2; Jake Sitze, 1; Will Matthews, 1; L. A. Matthews, Oran, 4; Lacy Allard, 1.

The aggregate dairy sales will be just a little above \$4000.

## MOREHOUSE MERCHAT DIES IN HOSPITAL

Saturday, August 26, C. C. Hinson, merchant of Morehouse, succumbed to appendicitis in a hospital in St. Louis after a very short illness.

Mr. Hinson was a prominent merchant of Morehouse, having been in business there for several years.

Funeral services were conducted at the family residence in Morehouse Tuesday and interment was made in the Sikeston cemetery Tuesday afternoon.

J. W. Hampton of New Madrid was in Sikeston Wednesday attending to business.

Misses Mildred Reed and Evelyn Sutton left Sunday for Springfield, Mo., where they will enter a Business College.

A Detroit newspaper is reported to have said that Henry Ford is closing down his plants and will advise him to take positions with the railroads in order to break the strike. At present, half of the engines pulling trains over the various railroads of the country are in serious need of repairs. Here the question arises: Can a Ford mechanic repair railroad engines?

Several persons motored out to the old reliable ditch Tuesday evening and had a grand supper spread upon the grass. They were: Fred Jones and family, W. A. Welch and family, Mrs. J. R. McKinney and children, Mr. and Mrs. John Young, Miss Josephine Robinson and Cecil Jones. After returning to town, the party enjoyed dancing at the W. A. Welch home.

E. M. Carter, who was formerly Field Representative of the Southeast Missouri State Teachers' College at Cape Girardeau and who is now connected with the Education Bureau at Columbia, was in Sikeston a few hours Wednesday on his way to Charleston. The many friends of Mr. Carter were glad to see him again for while he worked in this section of the State, he built up a creditable friendly acquaintance.

William (Bud) Killian, 65, of Portageville, who shot and killed a tenant on one of his farms near Portageville, March 17, was found not guilty Tuesday in the Pemiscot County Circuit Court. Killian was charged with first degree murder, but was acquitted on the plea of self-defense. Three bullets of a 38 caliber revolver penetrated the body of Lawrence Bass. Killian is a wealthy land owner of New Madrid county.

The Missouri Constitutional Convention is wrangling over the use of the article "the" as used in indictments which sometimes lets criminals go free. Upon this word the State Supreme Court has reversed itself so the convention has called upon Justice Taft, who has made an extensive study of English Judicial System, to go to Jefferson City and give his opinion. Wouldn't it be nice if some others of us would be so particular about our every ray usage of the English language?

## COTTON BEING PICKED IN SCOTT COUNTY

Thursday morning seventeen cotton pickers were put to work in the fifty acres of cotton on the I. H. Dunaway farm, southwest of this city. This is an early and nice beginning which demonstrates that cotton can be raised in this county. This crew of pickers is a nice sized one for fifty acres and they will soon make a splendid showing in the white field. Cotton must be picked more than once. Often it requires as many as three pickings to harvest the whole crop, which sometimes finds cotton pickers in the field as late as Christmas. The reason the cotton plant requires several pickings is that all the bolls do not open at the same time. Some never ripen and frost kills their growth, but this is never a heavy loss to the cotton grower. This is the prevailing condition this far north but in the south the crop is gathered sooner because of more favorable climatic conditions. The sooner the cotton can be picked before the falling of frost is much heavier than cotton harvested after frost falls on it. The writer is an experienced cotton grower and in our next issue will be printed a story of the cotton plant from planting to ginning. Cotton is a valuable crop and we would like to see it cultivated more extensively in Scott County.

### Besmirching The Tariff

The wicked Democate, aided and abetted by unscrupulous business men, have perfected plans for bringing the new tariff into disrepute. "The stage is set, the prices are fixed", says Congressman Campbell of Kansas. "Advances are to be made upon every article enumerated in this bill, either with specific or ad valorem duty, and the price is to be advanced on orders of importers down through to the retailers."

But why should the Kansas statesman denounce this entirely logical assault on the consumer's pocketbook as a conspiracy to besmirch the Fordney-McCumber bill? Is it not the design of this measure to raise prices quickly and violently? Is it not a notification to everybody to charge all the traffic will bear? Does it not incite and sanctify avarice? Does it not declare an open season on the ultimate purchaser and make him fair game for every category of profiteer?

Is it possible the country has misunderstood this bill? Was it the intention of its framers that only the chosen few who prepared accommodatingly its most obnoxious schedules are privileged to plunder? Are importers, retailers and Democates excluded from collecting any part of the swag? Is there any unwritten "gentlemen's agreement" between the majority of Congress and the wool-sugar-steel camorra that the latter are exclusively licensed to raid the public, or at least are entitled to raiding priority?

The Kansas statesman's anger, hemstitched as it is with melancholy, provokes those unhappy speculations. Yet Mr. Campbell raves and grieves in vain. The wit of the protectionists has never yet contrived a tariff law of limited license. Plunger and piker, grand and petty larcenist, irrespective of creed, color, party or previous respectability, all rally around the black banner of rapacity.

The history of so-called protection is our American classic of spoils and venality. Mr. Campbell of Kansas whose district, by the way, decided in the recent primary to dispense with his services as Congressman, ought to know that the protection in practice is intensive, extensive and comprehensive plunder. —Post-Dispatch.

It is reported that railroad repair shops are one hundred million hours behind in their work. Sad momentous that time lost can never be found again.

September 12, J. F. Cox will place before the interested people in hogs, a herd of 50 recorded Spotted Poland Chinas. Each individual offering will be up to the best standard of pedigreed swine with boars which rank with the best. It will be remembered that the Spotted Poland are the fathers of all Poland China breeds. Mr. Cox has been very attentive to his herd of pure bred hogs and will place only the best on the market the day of the sale. Sale will be held at McCord Brothers' Sale Pavilion in this city.



## SKESTON STANDARD

C. L. BLANTON, EDITOR

ISSUED TUESDAY AND FRIDAYS  
AT SKESTON, MISSOURI.Entered at the Postoffice at Skeston,  
Scott County, Missouri, as second-  
class mail matter, according to act  
of Congress.THE STANDARD is the only paper  
in Scott County that is published  
twice-a-week; for newspaper read-  
ers wanting the news while it is  
news, and for advertisers desiring  
quick results, it is the best medium.Rates:  
Display advertising, per single column  
inch, net .....25c  
Reading notices, per line .....10c  
Financial Statements for banks \$6.00  
Probate notices, minimum .....\$5.00  
Yearly subscription anywhere in Scott  
and adjoining counties .....\$2.00  
Yearly subscription elsewhere in the  
United States .....\$2.50Foreign Advertising Representative  
THE AMERICAN PRESS ASSOCIATIONThe columns of this newspaper are  
dedicated to the principles of the  
Democratic party as enunciated by  
Thomas Jefferson and practiced by  
Grover Cleveland and immortalized  
by Woodrow Wilson. We commend  
and affirm the national and state  
platforms of 1920 and respectfully  
assert to electorate that it is es-  
sential to the national and state well-  
being that all the Democratic nomi-  
nees be actively supported in the  
coming campaign. As member pub-  
lishers we concur in the foregoing  
declared platform of the Southeast  
Missouri Democratic Press Associa-  
tion.

## DEMOCRATIC COUNTY TICKET

## FOR REPRESENTATIVE

Fred L. Ogilvie  
of BlodgettFOR PRESIDING JUDGE OF  
COUNTY COURTR. L. Harrison  
of Morley

## FOR JUDGE OF PROBATE COURT

Thos. B. Dudley  
of SkestonFOR CLERK OF THE COUNTY  
COURTJ. S. Smith  
of IllinoisFOR CLERK OF THE CIRCUIT  
COURTH. F. KIRKPATRICK  
of Benton

## FOR COLLECTOR OF REVENUE

Emil Steck  
of Farnell

## RECORDER OF DEEDS

Lee J. Welman  
of Benton

## FOR PROSECUTING ATTORNEY

B. Hugh Smith

## Ford's Second Explanation

In the first announcement of the  
shutdown, effective September 16,  
the Ford Motor Co. gave uncertainty  
of the coal supply as the reason. That  
explanation was questioned in Wash-  
ington official circles, and the doubt  
has been verified. It is now admitted  
from sources close to Ford, accord-  
ing to the Associated Press, that  
brokers have been offering coal in  
any quantity, with delivery guaran-  
teed, but at prices from 100 to 300  
per cent above normal. Ford re-  
fuses to pay such prices. He refuses  
to be held up. The shutdown is the  
answer.In declaring war upon the pro-  
fitteering brokers Ford says he is fight-  
ing the battle of other manufactur-  
ers as well as for the public. He  
believes, correctly, no doubt, that he  
is in a better position than anyone  
else to make this fight. Public sen-  
timent, of course, will be on his side.It is possible perhaps, that the  
Ford declaration of war will give the  
profitteers pause. The responsibility  
for suspending the operation of so  
large an enterprise and throwing  
such an army of men out of employ-  
ment cannot be lightly viewed by  
the most case-hardened greed. Fur-  
ther, if other manufacturers, follow-  
ing Ford's lead, should close down,  
the profitteers will have defeated  
themselves by killing their market.  
This situation, apparently, demands  
reconsideration and a swift change  
of plans.Nevertheless, the Ford company  
made a tactical blunder in its first  
announcement. Its loose statement  
as to the uncertainty of coal supply  
was liable to misinterpretation, and  
was misinterpreted. The words—un-  
certainty as to the coal supply—were  
taken at their face value. The plain  
truth, in plain language, would have  
had a punch which the vague, elastic  
excuse lacked.—Post-Dispatch.For many reasons no newspaper  
cares to print unsavory escapades that  
occur in the community. At the  
same time the public is to be consid-  
ered and protected. Publicity is the  
surest way to discourage such af-  
fairs. The lowest down criminal has  
some folks who are grieved to see his  
name in print and to them the news-  
papers sympathize.POLITICAL LETTER  
FROM WASHINGTON

By Wallace Bassford

Washington, D. C., August 28.—  
Where two or three are gathered to-  
gether in Washington the conversa-  
tion turns sooner or later to the mon-  
umental failure of the Republican  
administration. No one disputes the  
fact of failure, but there are differ-  
ences of opinion as to why. Probably  
the best reason I have heard is that  
the party leaders are not trying to  
give the people what they desire and  
need, but rather trying to meet their  
obligations to the men who put up  
Harding's enormous campaign fund  
and hoping to be able to mollify the  
dissatisfied public on some issues  
which they will encourage to come to  
the front in the hope that more dam-  
aging ones can be thus kept in the  
rear. Strangely enough, it appears  
to some, they are willing, as evi-  
denced by their action in having Sec-  
retary Hughes revive the Newberry  
scandal, to have that as an issue, for  
most men regard the seating of a  
man in the Senate after conviction of  
the party guilty of such action. There  
can be but one conclusion as to this,  
as ably pointed out by Chairman Hull  
of the Democratic National Com-  
mittee and by Senator Pomerene,  
and that is that the Republican lead-  
ers are choosing the least of several  
evils. They doubtless believe that  
many minds about a question of moral  
turpitude, and that most strong  
party men will not be driven from  
their party by even a highly ques-  
tionable performance done for party  
supremacy, hence they would rather  
risk the Newberry issue than to fight  
it out on the great increases in the  
cost of living surely to come from the  
enactment of the high tariff bill, for  
they well know that the most sensi-  
tive nerve in the average man's po-  
litical make-up is the one that reach-  
es his pocket-book. This is the issue  
they fear the most. After that comes  
a year and a half of Harding hard  
times, accentuated by four big  
strikes, which the administration has  
been utterly unable to handle. In  
truth, their settlement seemed to be  
actually delayed and hampered by  
the very presence of the President  
in the equation; his efforts seemed  
to be resented by both sides, with  
neither side willing that he should be  
the mediator. The only time the  
warring sides showed evidence of  
getting together was after the Pres-  
ident got out, and the soft coal strike  
was then settled instantly.Sir Robert Peel, in the days of the  
high tariff laws in England, before  
Cobden and Bright converted him,  
said: "Through an indirect (tariff)  
tax, you can tax the coat off a man's  
back and he will never know what is  
hurting him". Probably true at one  
time, but now men read and think  
and every time a man sweetens his  
coffee he can reflect on the knowl-  
edge that the price of the sugar he is  
using has been increased a third by  
the tariff tax placed upon it in or-  
der to force him indirectly to help  
enrich others. And what is true of  
sugar is true of a hundred articles  
which enter into his everyday life.  
The Washington tailors and clothiers  
are advertising, the fact that it be-  
hooves the man with a few spare dol-  
lars to lay in a suit or two before the  
evil days come, the days when wool-  
en cloth will cost the dealer a third  
more because of the tariff bounty al-  
lowed to the American Woolen Co.,  
with its sixty mills and its surplus of  
thirty-odd millions, which paid ex-  
tra dividends of 15 per cent recent-  
ly, and which is no infant industry  
in need of a nursing bottle.I have it from one of the wise ones  
that Secretary Hughes has a compact  
with Harding through which Hughes  
is to be the nominee in 1924, and  
that Hughes is staying up nights to  
cultivate Uncle Hiram Johnson in  
order that California may not escape  
next time. It will be remembered  
that Hughes started his campaign in  
1916 with a trip across the continent.  
He had been Governor of New York  
and well knew what courtesies were  
due from him to a Governor of a  
sovereign State. He went to Cali-  
fornia and Johnson was then Govern-  
or of the State; he was in the same  
hotel with Johnson but refused to call  
on him. Result, Hughes failed to  
carry the State, though Johnson,  
running for the Senate on the same  
ticket, won with an enormous major-  
ity. Johnson's friends slaughtered  
Hughes. The fact is that Hughes  
lost the Presidency and the people  
escaped his reactionary administra-  
tion by reason of the nervous break-  
down which he suffered the previous  
winter while on the Supreme Bench;  
he had not recovered from it when he  
started into the campaign and before  
he was himself again he had kicked  
the fat into the fire by indiscretions  
of his cross-country campaign. The  
facts about that break-down have  
never been made public, but some-time it will be recognized as having  
profoundly altered the history of the  
country. As regards Mr. Hughes  
personally it was most unfortunate,  
but the country at large might read-  
ily take a different view.Politics still makes strange bed-  
fellows. Senator Lodge must indeed  
be hard-pressed to endorse Alvan  
Tufis Fuller for lieutenant-governor  
of Massachusetts—probably needs  
Fuller's help, small a bit is. It has  
not been so long since Fuller refer-  
red to Lodge as "a blood-drinker"  
and "a senile whelp". These ex-  
pressions are indicative of the depths  
to which the morale of the party has  
sunk.A party must be in a desperate  
plight when it will choose the New-  
berry case as its least damaging is-  
sue.

## Warner, Smoot and Sugar

Charles M. Warner, president of  
the Warner Sugar Refining Co., a  
Republican voter for 55 years and  
long a contributor to Republican  
campaign funds, has smashed the  
Washington administration on its  
most vulnerable spot—the sugar ar-  
ruff. He has answered the Republi-  
can Congressional Campaign Commit-  
tee's whimper that it cannot rectify  
all at once the ills inherited from  
the previous administration with a  
challenge to which there can be no  
reply. He writes:What has the Republican Con-  
gress done to cheapen the cost  
of living? What pledge has it  
redeemed? You are trying to  
bring the cost of labor down, but  
how can you expect to accom-  
plish this and satisfy the work-  
ing man if you keep the cost of  
living up? You may think I  
talk this way because I am pres-  
ident of one of the largest inde-  
pendent cane sugar refining  
companies I plead "guilty". My  
company is anxious to serve the  
consumer of sugar with a cheap  
article. I am dissatisfied and dis-  
contented in seeing a little clique  
in Congress passing a tariff  
which is wholly unnecessary,  
having no other purpose than to  
make the public pay and for no  
other reason than to let certain  
interests fatten at the expense of  
the public.For the Republican campaign man-  
agement to engage in a controversy  
over the Smoot sugar perfidy would  
be suicidal. Republican sugar con-  
sumers might conceivably forget in  
the course of two months of general  
campaign pummeling that Smoot  
had sold them out to the Utah beet  
sugar interests and that the Senate  
majority had supported the betrayal,  
but they cannot forget it if it is  
made an issue and the facts are given  
repeated prominence. Here is an  
evil that cannot, by any possible con-  
struction, be classed as a heritage  
from the late Democratic adminis-  
tration. It is an unprovoked assault  
on the purse of every family provider  
in the United States.The refreshingly frank Warner let-  
ter may be unusual, but it is sym-  
ptomatic. It signifies a realization  
on the part of the leading minds of  
the party that the patchwork of po-  
litical expedients in the tariff bill  
has not been contrived with even  
common intelligence, to say nothing  
of conscience and statesmanship. The  
administration is already as good as  
beaten if the people can be made to  
remember Smoot and sugar.—Post-  
Dispatch.Pilots in the United States Army  
air service last year in 39 fields thru-  
out the country made cross-country  
flights totaling 5,063,903 miles. This  
is a distance 202 times around the  
world at the equator.The editor of The Standard is  
quite certain another man's religion  
could not be forced on him and is  
just as certain that our political be-  
lief is built on the same sort of founda-  
tion. The editor has never at-  
tempted to, and never expects to at-  
tempt to coerce anyone into change  
of opinions along either of these  
lines and he'll be damned if he expects  
to submit to coercion now or in the  
future.The following prayer is reported  
to have gone forth from the pulpit  
of a negro preacher in Mississippi:  
"O Lawd, give thy servant this  
mornin' the eyes of the eagle and  
the wisdom of the owl, connect his  
soul with the gospel telephone in the  
central skies, luminate his brow with  
the sun of Heaven, pizen his mind  
with love for de people, turpentine  
his imagination, grease his lips with  
possum oil, loosen his tongue with  
the sledge hammer ob thy power,  
lectricity his brain wid de lightning  
of de word, put 'petual motion in his  
ahms, fill him plum full of de dynam-  
ite ob dy glory, 'noint him all over  
wid de kerisense oil ob dy salvation  
and sot him on fire. Amen."WHITE MUST PAY  
NEGRO WIFE \$6Ward Barnett, white man of Ca-  
ruthersville, Mo., was big like Jack  
Dempsey, but was very unlike him in  
one respect. Ward did not draw the  
color line. So several years ago he  
married a "black but comely" daugh-  
ter of Booker T. Washington race,  
the ceremony taking place at Mound  
City, Ill. At first the home life  
formed a happy picture study in  
black and white. Then these colors  
were blended into a neutral scheme  
when in due course of time a rather  
shame-faced stork paid the home a  
visit, and later, made a second trip.But rather and sudden-like the  
home picture became a study in black  
and neutral, the white having faded  
out. In other words the pale-face  
had left his wigwam. After a long  
absence during which he failed to  
send any love letters or money to  
his wife, or presents to the kids, he  
met them face to face before Judge  
Harry Hood in county court this  
morning.The family reunion had not been  
of Barnett's own choosing. The wife,  
who now lives in Cairo, had sworn  
out a warrant for his arrest on the  
charge of desertion and non-support.  
Deputy Sheriff Frank Miller after  
some sleuthing had located Ward at  
Caruthersville and brought him back  
from there Thursday night.The story as told by the wife and  
the weak and unconvincing expla-  
nations interjected by Barnett put  
a deep frown on the brow of Judge  
Hood, who has never yet in his ju-  
dicial career shown any mercy to  
the wife deserter. The three color  
phase to the affair had not seemed  
to please the court greatly, either."No wife deserter," said the  
judge "will ever get by in my court",  
whether he be married to a black,  
blue, red, yellow or rainbow color-  
ed woman. You married this wom-  
an. The two children are yours. The  
law requires you to contribute to  
her and their support. The meager  
salary you make allows me to only  
order you to pay your wife six dol-  
lars a week. I wish it was so I could  
make it more. You will be confined  
in jail until you furnish bond of \$300  
as a guarantee that this weekly  
amount will be paid to your family"."And if you find bondsmen who are  
willing to trust a wife deserter do  
not forget to tell them that this is  
no bond for appearance in court but  
payment as ordered by the court  
any time you fail to make the week-  
ly payment as ordered by the court  
then the bond of \$300 will be de-  
manded", warned the court.While sending out calls for bonds-  
men, Barnett was locked in the county  
jail.—Cairo Citizen.Mrs. Harriet de Kraft Woods, su-  
perintendent of the Library of Con-  
gress, started work as a clerk in the  
library and gradually worked her  
way up to the present post.

## GLASSES



O SAY CAN YOU SEE?

If I have sold you glasses that are  
not giving entire satisfaction, bring  
'em back to me.

DR. LONG

Eye Specialist

Kready Bldg.

## J. GOLDSTEIN,

Purchaser of Scrap Iron  
Old Metal of All Kinds  
Rags, Feathers and RubberLocated in J. A. Matthews'  
Wagon Yard

Cash paid for everything

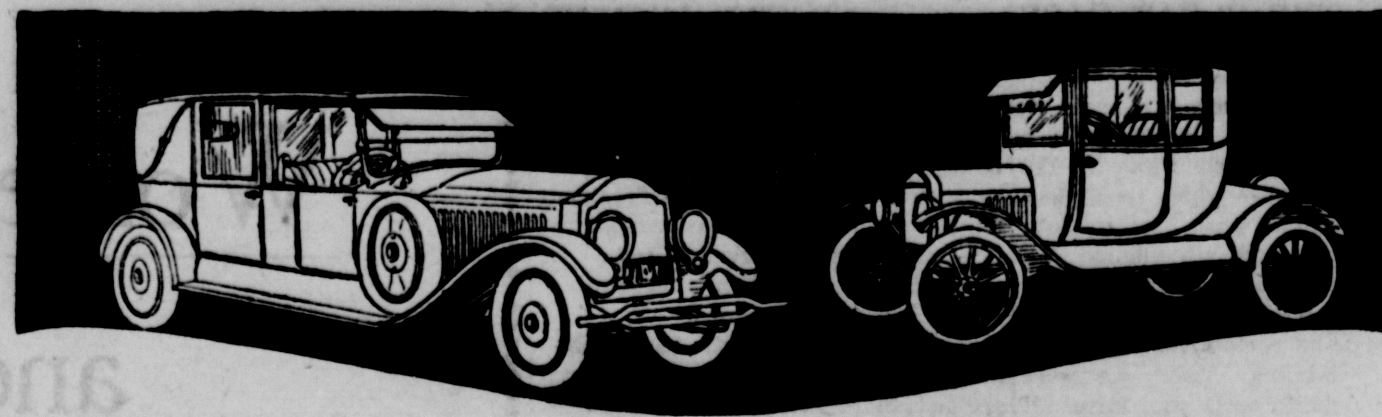
"Service That Satisfies"

DALLAS J. TYSON  
AUCTIONEERMy knowledge of values in all lines  
and how to get them insures you real  
ale. Write, wire or see me now for  
a sale date.

SKESTON, MO.

New patterns in 36 in. percales 20c  
and 25c.—Pinnell Store Co.The oldest aeronautical laboratory  
in the United States from the point  
of view of continuous service is that  
of the Massachusetts Institute of  
Technology.In preparing breakfast a woman  
takes 446 steps in preparing lunch  
661 steps, and in preparing dinner  
890 steps unless she lives in a kitchen  
apartment.Superior Wheat Fans at Farmers  
Supply Co., New Bldg.Boys' Palm Beach pants \$2.00.—  
Pinnell Store Co.In one year the population of one  
of the important watchmaking towns  
in Switzerland has decreased by  
nearly 1500 on account of the de-  
pression in the industry.

## The finishing touch for your car

HANDSOME ENOUGH IN DESIGN  
FOR A \$5000 CAR—LOW ENOUGH  
IN COST FOR THE MAN WHO  
PUTS ECONOMY FIRSTFor Day Driving  
Protects driver's  
eyes from sun  
glare and road glare, keeps  
the car cool, makes driv-  
ing a pleasure.For Night Driving  
Cuts off glare  
of street lamps  
and head lights—makes  
night driving safe. Why  
take chances? You could  
buy a dozen Visors for the  
cost of a single accident.For Stormy Weather  
Always clear  
vision and clean  
windshield. No wind-  
shield cleaner needed, no  
necessity for putting head  
out in storm to see road.THE A-L-T SUNBEAM VISOR is as distinctive in  
design, material and workmanship as the finest car  
built; yet its cost is far below that of many inferior  
products. Whether you own a Ford or a Packard you  
can dress up your car with this handsome piece of  
equipment.And you will find it the most practical accessory you  
ever bought; enables you to drive in comfort against  
glaring sunlight or head lamps; keeps your windshield  
clean in stormy weather and gives you clear vision;  
protects you from accidents that might cost you many  
times the price of the Visor.Come in and let us tell you more about  
it. Price only.....\$16.00

## LOUIS C. ERDMANN

Dodge Brothers Dealer

Skeston, Mo.

## BEVERLY GLEN FARM

## Offers For Sale

At McCord Bros. Sale Pavilion  
Skeston, Mo.

## Tuesday, September 12

AT ONE O'CLOCK P. M.

## 50 RECORDED SPOTTED POLAND CHINA HOGS

Consisting of Tried Sows, Bred Sows,  
Open Gilts and BoarsWe Grow No Culls. We Do Not Breed the Cull Producing  
Kind; some are better than others of course, according to your  
opinion, but we have no culls to offer. Every individual offer-  
ing will be up to the standard, and your price will be ours, al-  
though there will be bred gilts in this sale that would have sold  
above a price indicated by three figures. We could not afford to  
reduce the number of our offering, as to have done so would  
have disappointed the public attending the sale.

## Our Boars Are As Good As The Best

They show conformation, size and type, and we know they are reliable progenitors  
because we know the history of their ancestors from way back.Don't Forget The Date, September 12th, To Do So You Will Miss  
The Opportunity Of Perhaps A Life TimeAnd Remember The "Polkadots" Are The Fathers Of All Poland Chinas. For  
Catalogue and further particulars, addressJ. F. COX, Owner and Mgr.  
SKESTON, MISSOURI



# FARM MACHINERY AT PRICES

# FARMERS CAN PAY

In order to assist the farmer toward FARMING AT A PROFIT, we offer the following:

10 disc Supreme Wheat Drill	\$70.00	12-16 disc harrow, with truck	\$47.50
12 disc Supreme Wheat Drill	\$85.00	14-16 disc harrow, with truck	\$50.00
14 disc Supreme Wheat Drill	\$100.00	14-16 disc harrow, with truck	\$52.50
All have double run feed		14-18 disc harrow, with truck	\$55.00
"New Idea" Manure Spreader	\$125.00	16-20 disc harrow, with truck	\$62.50
The highest class spreader made.		Tractor disc harrow, 32-18	\$125.00

## FARMERS SUPPLY COMPANY

NEW BUILDING

### ACTIVE INTEREST SHOWN IN COMING FAIR

Reports from various places thru the four counties which will be represented in the Southeast Missouri District Fair, indicate that an enthusiastic interest is being displayed as to it realizing an unprecedented success. Coming from New Madrid County are reliable accounts that there is a general zealous desire to see this Fair bigger and better than all former ones. Information from Stoddard, Mississippi and Scott Counties bear messages of equal desire.

Though several important prob-

### No. 932 OFFICIAL STATEMENT of the financial condition of the Citizens Bank of Skeston

At Skeston, State of Missouri, at the close of business on the 22nd day of August, 1922, published in the Skeston Standard, a newspaper printed and published at Skeston, State of Missouri, on the 1st day of September, 1922.

RESOURCES	
Loans and discounts, undoubted good on personal or collateral	\$278 233 90
Loans, real estate	975 00
Overdrafts	0 00
Other real estate	5 000 00
Furniture and fixtures	2 000 00
Due from other banks and bankers, subject to check	53 350 55
Cash items	822 89
Cash on hand (currency, gold, silver and other coin)	6 243 45
Scott County Warrants	248 75
Equity in Real Estate	24 688 16
<b>Total</b>	<b>\$371 657 70</b>

LIABILITIES	
Capital stock paid in	\$50 000 00
Surplus fund	50 000 00
Undivided profits, net	4 013 40
Due to banks and bankers subject to check	000 00
Individual deposits subject to check	183 838 63
Time certificates of deposits	46 618 30
Demand certificates of deposit and Cashier's Checks	3 963 58
Savings deposits	33 223 79
Bills payable and rediscounts	000 00
<b>Total</b>	<b>\$371 657 70</b>

State of Missouri, s. s.  
County of Scott,

We, G. B. Greer as president and C. E. Dover as cashier of said bank, each of us, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of our knowledge and belief.

G. B. Greer, Pres.  
C. E. Dover, Cashier

Subscribed and sworn to before me, this 28th day of August A. D. nineteen hundred and twenty-two.

Witness my hand and notarial seal on the date last aforesaid. (Commissioned and qualified for a term expiring April 28, 1925.)

Irene Hollister,  
Notary Public.

(CORRECT) H. L. Smith  
(ATTEST) Jas. M. Klein  
R. L. Calvin

Directors.

### WILLIAM T. RUSHING

TEACHER OF PIANO

Instruction From Primary to Advanced Grade

Studio at residence of Dr. J. H. Keady  
opens Monday, Sept. 11, 1922

### DIVISION ON PUBLIC HEALTH PROVISIONS

Jefferson City, August 30.—The public health fight in the constitution convention today moved from courts of the committee on public health and welfare to the floor of the convention with filing of majority and minority reports by the committee. Seven members of the committee signed the majority report, which urges writing into the Constitution the following section:

"The General Assembly shall provide means for the safeguarding and promotion of the public health and welfare."

The other member, Alonzo Tubbs, of Owensville, formerly a practicing physician, and author, while a member of the Legislature, of an antitipping bill, made the minority report, in which he recommended adoption of this provision:

"No authority shall be conferred upon any board of health or other conservators of the public health to compel any person or persons to submit to any medical treatment for the prevention, cure or spread of any disease against his or her will. Nor in the enforcement of any sanitary, hygienic or quarantine measure shall any family be forcibly separated."

Tubbs, who said that he does not belong to the Christian Science or any other church, but that he "does not believe in the idea of medicine and never did believe in it much", drew his minority suggestion to meet the general objections to majority sentiment on the committees. The question before the committee has been the subject probably of the hardest fight which has vexed subdivisions on the convention.

J. R. Powell of Kansas City, a representative of the Christian Science Church, last week asked the committee if it would add to the section proposed by the majority these words, "but no form of medication shall be exclusive or compulsory", according to the committee. The committee agreed to do that if he were willing to have added "except in case of epidemics". This was not acceptable, however.

Mrs. Walter McNab Miller, chairman of the committee, said members of the body believe that no new power would be conferred upon the Legislature by this proposed new section, but merely would write into the Constitution in definite words power already in the hands of the State Government under its police powers.

Mr. and Mrs. Earl Pate, of near Jackson, are visiting their parents. Jess Mayfield, of Jackson drove down Wednesday for a brief visit with relatives and friends.

The B. Y. P. U. of the Baptist church had a very enjoyable picnic supper Tuesday evening in the park south of Skeston.

The highest prices received this year through the efforts of the Southeast Missouri Melon Growers Association on a car was, for cash track sale, 30 pound average, \$300; the highest confirmed wire sale of the season was \$375 a car for a 33-pound average. Several cars have sold for more than \$350.

### Poplar Bluff Fair Revived

A news item several days ago from Poplar Bluff stated that the Butler County fair would be discontinued this year owing to the fact that indebtedness on the grounds, which had not been and apparently could not be satisfied, would force a sale of the property, which was to be advertised at foreclosure in a short time. More recently, however, representative citizens, led principally by Dwight H. Brown, of the Daily American, and W. Earl Brite, Secretary of the Chamber of Commerce there, have come to the aid of the institution, and sufficient funds have been guaranteed to pay up interest due on the indebtedness and an extension of time will be secured, though the formality of a sale may be gone thru.

A committee has been busy for some days past securing funds from the business houses wherewith to pay the premiums to be offered this year and it is planned to cut off 20 acres of the Fair Association's holdings, divide it up into city lots and offer them for sale at reasonable prices. It is believed that public spirited citizens will purchase these lots, or what remains of them after genuine investors have bought what they may desire, and it is expected this fund will take care of the whole amount of the Association's indebtedness, and the organization be placed on a sound financial footing.

The Poplar Bluff Fair is trying a rather unique plan this year—that of giving free admission to everyone. Funds for premiums, purses, etc., will be raised by other methods and it is sought to arouse a deep and abiding interest on the part of the people of the whole county by inducing them all to visit the big display at least one time, and it is believed that they will do so if they know there is no charge for their admission.

Much credit is due the two gentlemen above named, we believe, for taking hold of the Association during its life and death struggle, but our acquaintance with Messrs. Brown and Brite convince us that this is just the sort of persons they are—big, self-sacrificing, public-spirited go-getters. If the people of Poplar Bluff will rally to their support they will yet have a firmly established, permanent and paying fair each year, just as they are entitled to have.—Caruthersville Democrat.

The Girl Scouts will have their first meeting at headquarters on September 7.

Miss Margaret O'Connell, of Sedalia, is visiting her sister, Mrs. L. B. Adams. Little Ann Adams, who has been spending the summer with her grandparents, Dr. and Mrs. O'Connell, returned with Miss Margaret.

Elmer Frazier returned Tuesday night from Anderson, Ind., where he has been to attend the funeral of his mother, Mrs. Sarah Hindon. Mrs. Hindon succumbed to death after suffering several months with a broken back which she received on Decoration Day. She was 76 yrs. old and died Thursday morning at 8:30. She leaves to mourn her loss, four children, and the many friends of Mr. Frazier in Skeston extend to him, their sympathy in the bereavement of so dear a relative.

### FARM BUREAU NEWS OF SCOTT COUNTY

**That \$100 Scholarship**  
The time limit for getting in application for the \$100 Missouri Pacific scholarship for attending the short course at the Missouri College of Agriculture has been extended until September 15th. Applications will be received at the Farm Bureau office until that time. Any boy or man between the ages of sixteen and thirty can make application. Blanks for making application can be assured from the County Agricultural Agent.

**Poultry Culling**  
This is the time of the year to cull the poultry flock. Hens that are not laying now will not likely lay many eggs before the first of next year. By getting rid of the culls at this time of the year you not only save a feed bill for the winter on non-productive hens, but you have your best laying hens left from which to save hatching eggs. By following this system, year after year, one can soon build up a flock of a high laying strain.

The Farm Bureau office co-operating with the County Poultry Association is in position to do a considerable amount of culling this fall. Any party wanting their poultry flock culled should call or write County Agent Poard at the Farm Bureau office, Benton. A schedule of culling work will soon be made out and if you delay this matter you may be too late to get in on it.

**Poultry Flock Co-operators.**  
The first of last November was started out with twenty-five farmers or their wives keeping a record of their poultry flock. This record consisted of reporting the egg production and also the feed cost. Most of this number have continued the work throughout the year. As a result of this work about one dozen parties have made a sufficient record for the flock to be certified by the College of Agriculture as having a good laying strain of chickens and a pure variety. A poultry specialists will come to our county the last of September and visit the co-operators who wish to produce certified poultry. The best of their flock will be picked out and next spring will be mated with a cockerel from hens of a high egg laying record.

Poultry men who wish to get in for this work for another year beginning November 1st will please make application to the Farm Bureau or to the President or Secretary of the Scott County Poultry Association. J. J. Reiss of Skeston is President and John F. Glasser of Commerce, Secretary.

### Why Peach Trees Broke to Pieces This Year

A great many people are apt to believe that the peach trees that were so badly broken up this year was caused by the heavy load they were carrying. This is true enough but if the trees had had proper pruning, they could have carried the same load without much danger of breaking to pieces. A few orchards in Scott County that have had proper pruning showed little damage this year.

The peach tree properly pruned from the time it was set out will be much stronger than the average tree is also the peaches will be borne on new growth along the main limbs of the tree rather than out on the tips of the limbs.

### Farmers Will Co-operate in Ordering Fruit Trees This Fall

Two years ago the New Hamburg Peach Club was formed and several hundred trees were ordered and set out. Those trees that have had proper care and that were not damaged by hail have made a wonderful growth and look very fine at this time. The County Agent has visited the orchards of Louie Halter, Henry Brockmeyer and John Scherer. These trees have all had good attention and have made a wonderful growth this year. No doubt most of the other club members have also had good luck with their trees.

A number of farmers wish to set out orchards this fall and are making arrangements to order their trees. Not only in the hill section but in the district around Skeston there is big interest in the production of fruit. Any farmer wanting to put in their order with the others so that we can get a better price by ordering in large quantities will please get in touch with the Farm Bureau office.

### Sweet Potato Seed to Be Certified

E. M. Page of the College of Agriculture, Columbia, will be in Scott County on Wednesday, August 30th to visit sweet potato fields and certify same for pure seed. Any sweet potato grower wishing to have his seed certified by the Agricultural College should make same known to the County Agricultural Agent.

W. E. Hollingsworth and family motored to Cairo Tuesday.

Miss Eva Hess left Monday of Sparks, Nev., where she will attend school this session.

Miss Nellie Ware, of Fredericktown, was the guest of Miss Effie Sellards, Tuesday night.

Mrs. C. C. White left Wednesday afternoon for Liberty, Mo., where she will attend a meeting of the Board of Trustees of the Odd Fellows Home.

Eli Ables has repurchased the Potter's Shoe Shop, corner King and Front streets and is moving back to Skeston after having lived in Kentucky awhile.

Harold Hess, who is connected with the Arizona Republic of Phoenix, Arizona, arrived in town Saturday for a visit with his parents, Dr. and Mrs. J. A. Hess.

Victor Reaves, of Portageville, who has been employed for the Himmelsberger-Harrison Lumber Co., of Morehouse for the past several weeks on relief duty, was in Skeston Wednesday several hours en route to his home.

Mr. and Mrs. J. C. Brown of Atlanta, Ga., were visitors at the C. C. White home Tuesday. The guests were on their way home after a visit with relatives in Bertrand. Mr. Brown is a teacher in one of the public schools of Atlanta.

Reports that the Frisco trains thru Chaffee would be discontinued if the guards were permitted to remain in the yards after 5 p. m. Tuesday, must have been erroneous because trains have been running and we are informed from Frisco operators here, that the trains are yet running as usual.



### New Fall Millinery Now On Display

COMPLETE VARIETY OF FALL COLORS TO CHOOSE FROM

THE SEASON'S MOST FAVORED MATERIALS

Miss Daisy Garden



LOCAL AND PERSONAL  
FROM NEW MADRID

The Republican Central Committee met in New Madrid Tuesday, August 29 and selected the following:

Circuit Judge, C. G. Sheppard, Caruthersville; Circuit Clerk, Frank Haines, Portageville; County Clerk, J. J. Greer, Parma; Prosecuting Attorney, Claude S. Hale, Morehouse; Recorder of Deeds, Peter Smith, New Madrid; Collector of Revenue, Claude Blackman, Parma; Probate Judge, L. L. Parrett, Lilbourn; Presiding Judge of the County Court, C. F. Meene Meyer, Gideon; Judge of 1st District, B. F. Swartz, Matthews.

The Judge of the 2nd District and Representative have been filled, but are waiting on the acceptance of the parties.

J. W. Sarff of Morehouse was a business visitor in our city Tuesday.

Mrs. A. J. Wallace of Hayti spent the week-end with Miss Julia Griffith.

Send your cleaning and pressing by parcel post to Pitman's Tailor Shop.

Mrs. W. N. Roberts of Matthews was in New Madrid on business Wednesday.

A. C. Sikes and Guy Stewart of Sikeston were New Madrid visitors Tuesday.

Miss Nona Marie Townsend is in Parma this week, the guest of Miss Lula Malcolm.

Miss Mabel Berry of Paducah, Ky., arrived last week on a visit to Mrs. W. D. Howard.

Ralph Anderson and Robert Neentmeyer of Gideon were visitors in New Madrid Tuesday.

Miss Elsie Burkett left Tuesday for Vicksburg, Miss., on a visit to her sister, Mrs. J. A. Powell.

The family of J. K. Robbins left Wednesday for St. Louis to make their home for the winter.

Mrs. M. F. Ehlers and son John, returned Tuesday from a visit to friends in Knobnoster, Mo.

Miss Corretta Pharris of Cairo came down last Friday for a week's visit with Miss Mildred Carrigan.

Mr. and Mrs. Ralph Brissenden and children of Cape Girardeau were week-end guests at the Finch home.

Mrs. James A. Finch and children left Wednesday for Cape Girardeau and Fomfelt, on a visit to relatives and friends.

Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Tanner and sister, Miss Mag Tanner, of Sikeston visited Mr. and Mrs. James A. Finch, Sunday.

Miss Hilma Boyer returned Sunday night from Chicago, where she spent several months attending summer school and visiting her sister, Mrs. C. Rassmussen.

Mr. and Mrs. J. C. Russell, Mr. and Mrs. E. P. Deal and Miss Dorothy Ragsdale of Charleston were Sunday visitors in New Madrid.

Mr. and Mrs. J. R. Cheatam of Union City, Tenn., arrived last week on a visit to their daughter, Mrs. J. M. Massengill and family.

John G. Russell of Sikeston and brother T. P. Russell, of Cape Girardeau were transacting business at the Court House, Tuesday.

Miss Orva V. Waters visited in Cape Girardeau several days last week, returning home she was accompanied by Miss Ruth Sample.

Clarence Hutson, representative of the Himmelberger-Harrison Lumber Co., Cape Girardeau, was in our city looking after the company's interest.

John G. Russell of the Russell Bros. Implement Co., of Sikeston and Arch S. Russell were transacting business in New Madrid Tuesday.

W. S. Edwards, two sons, Walter and John, Harry Hart, James Austin Finch are enjoying a camping on one of Mr. Edwards' farms near Little River.

Mrs. Roy Anderson and little daughter, Mary Martha returned to their home in Arlington, Tenn., after an extensive visit with her mother, Mrs. Mary Griffith.

M. F. Ehlers, President of the Commercial Trust Company, left Wednesday on a business trip to St. Louis and Kansas City and a visit to relatives at Kinsley, Kansas.

Rev. O. A. Bowers was called to East Prairie to conduct the funeral services of the eight-year-old son of Louis Broadhacker. The little fellow and his mother were visiting at Champaign, Ill., and he happened in some way to be on railroad track and was run over by the train.

Mrs. Floyd Hummel entertained a number of this younger set Monday evening with a dancing party, complimentary to her niece, Miss Orva V. Waters and Miss Ruth Sample of Cape Girardeau. At a late hour delicious refreshments of brick ice cream and cake were served.

Miss Linda Stewart was hostess for the Tuesday Bridge Club, with Mrs. Wm. Skipwith of Memphis, Tenn. and Mrs. J. C. St. Mary playing as substitutes. Mrs. Lee Hummel received an embroidered handkerchief for excellent playing. A salad luncheon was served at the conclusion of the game.

Mrs. James A. Finch entertained a number of her friends with a sewing club Tuesday afternoon complimentary to her guest, Mrs. Ralph Brissenden of Cape Girardeau. Those present were Mesdames John E. Hart, Curtis Buesching, W. S. Edwards, Alfred Stepp, and Jesse M. Miles. Refreshments were served.

The Busy Bee Club was entertained at the home of Mrs. Ed Hampton Wednesday afternoon. The time was spent in pleasant conversation and

sewing. It being Mrs. Hampton's birthday anniversary, the Club members presented her with a sewing basket. A two-course luncheon was served. The visitors were Mesdames L. B. Howard and H. G. Sharp and Misses Mildred Lewis and Mabel Berry of Paducah, Ky.

About thirty of the young members of the Methodist Church met at the home of Mr. and Mrs. James A. Finch last Thursday evening for the purpose of organizing a Young People's Epworth League. All officers were elected and in about two weeks they will be installed, at which time the names will be given for publication. After the business matters of the meeting were transacted, a social hour was had, and games were played and contests had, after which delicious refreshments were served.

Attorneys Gallivan & Finch returned from Caruthersville Tuesday evening, where they assisted in the defense of the trial of Wm. Killion for murder. Killion, age 62 years, killed a tenant, named Lawrence Bass, near Portageville, March 17. The trouble rose over an argument, when Killion claiming self-defense, shot and killed Bass. Last May a change of venue was taken to Caruthersville. This trial attracted much attention as Killion was an extensive landowner and was prominent socially. The jury was out about one hour, when it returned a verdict for acquittal. Gallivan & Finch of this city, Ward & Reeves of Caruthersville, were the attorneys for the defense and James F. Fulbright, of Doniphan, B. A. McKay of Caruthersville, E. F. Sharp, Marston, assisted J. M. Massengill in the prosecution.

The doctors say that people don't drink enough water. How'd it do to pass a law prohibiting the drinking of water?—Roanoke Times.

If you have a coat to be lined or a suit to be changed into the latest style, or a suit to be dyed, send it by parcel post to Pitman's Tailor Shop, Sikeston, Mo.

Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Middleton have purchased the house occupied by Mr. Wilkinson and owned by Mrs. Jennie Sells on Lake St. Mr. and Mrs. Middleton will move as soon as they can get possession of the house.

It is annoying, but it is a part of the people's education. Falling down teaches babies to walk. Burning their fingers teaches them to avoid fire. A sufficient number of hard bumps may teach this intellectual Nation to vote.

A Charleston girl of seventeen was talking to the man who had been the family physician for three decades and she asked the question, "Do you think the flappers are inadequately dressed?" "Well," he replied slowly, "you do have a little more on than when I first met you". And he left her to think it over.—Charleston Index.

NEW MADRID COUNTY  
FARM BUREAU NEWS

Farm Bureau Meetings Well Attended in New Madrid County

Six farmers meetings were held in New Madrid County at Parma, Bisco, Gideon, Matthews, New Madrid, and Portageville. The attendance at these meetings averaged around 100 farmers and their families.

Moving pictures were shown at all the meetings except Portageville, showing the control of hog cholera and round worms in hogs.

Paul B. Naylor of the Agricultural College, University of Missouri, Columbia, addressed these meetings and at every meeting the farmers expressed their desire to have Mr. Naylor back at some future time. Following each meeting constructive work is being done by the farmers to perfect their organization. At Parma, the first meeting of the week was held and on account of the bad weather, very few people attended, but the merchants and business men of the town scheduled the meeting two days following and a large number of people attended the meeting. The business houses closed and farmers and merchants had a great meeting together. They planned to have a community day at some future time which is worked out by a committee appointed by their chairman at the meeting. The community day will be taken part in by the merchants, banks, churches, schools, lodges and other organizations. The committee appointed (J. P. Salyers acting as chairman of the committee) were as follows: Joe A. Parker, E. V. Jewett, Geo. M. Meir, C. H. Post and S. B. Rademaker.

This committee will make the plans for a community day.

Membership Campaign Progressing Well

The eight solicitors in New Madrid County Farm Bureau in the field to date have signed approximately 85 to 90 per cent of the farmers interviewed concerning their membership in the New Madrid County Farm Bureau State National Organization. A. J. Renner, Secretary of the New Madrid County Farm Bureau is acting as Campaign Manager.

Horticulturist in New Madrid County

E. M. Page of the Agricultural Extension Service will be in New Madrid on next Thursday for certifying sweet potatoes for seed. Certification for sweet potatoes means, practically the same thing as certifying seed wheat. This is done in order to improve the sweet potatoes in the county and adjoining counties.

Special in towels, 21x42 bath towels 25c.—Pinnell Store Co.

John Graham, farmer of near La Forge, was in town Wednesday attending to business.

If you have a coat to be lined or a suit to be changed into the latest style, or a suit to be dyed, send it by parcel post to Pitman's Tailor Shop, Sikeston, Mo.

The following spent a very delightful day with Mr. and Mrs. Ed Kendall at their home near Kewanee, Tuesday: Mrs. Harry Smith, Misses Gladys Kendall, Myra and Burnice Tanner, Irma Wilson and Camille Klein.

T. P. Russell, of Hayti, was in town Tuesday attending to business matters. Mr. Russell is one of the trio of Russell Brothers owning the Russell Bros. Implement Co. T. P. has extensive land interest in Pensecot County near Pascola and Swift.

It was not thought advisable by Messrs. Forney and McCumber to make public the conference between the House and Senate on the tariff bill. Their expectation has been that if people knew what was going on there would be such a clamor from interested quarters that no hope could be held of making an early conference report. Not that the people who are to be victimized by the new rates would cry out or in any way indicate either pain or displeasure. The expected uproar would be altogether from quarters not satisfied with their share of the political bonus. The people who pay it are serenely unconscious of what lies ahead. They know only that their trusted servants, the Republicans, are in control, and it will not take a great deal of exhorting to induce them to continue that control at the fall elections. No end of people have warned the Republican leaders that the new tariff bill will cost the party control of the Government, but the Republican leaders only laugh and point to a record of almost unbroken rule through a half century of political plundering. What they keep in mind is that there is a sucker born every minute, which has proved enough.—Clark McAdams in Post-Dispatch.

ANNOUNCING THE FALL  
SALE OF  
Elm Grove Farm Poland  
Chinas  
TUESDAY, OCTOBER 10, 1922  
McCord Bros. Sale Pavilion  
SIKESTON, MO.

DE KREKO BROS. SHOWS  
LAND CONVENTION PLUM

Cairo, Ill., August 25.—DeKreko Bros. Shows landed one of the biggest plums of the fall season this week when Harry E. Crandell, general agent, signed a contract with Geo. H. H. Pratt, chairman of the concessions committee, for the shows to be the midway attractions at the fourth annual American Legion Convention at New Orleans, La., October 15 to 22, inclusive.

The shows will be set up on Canal street, near the docks (on the streets and on lots), which will be the first time this street has ever been used by a carnival. Directly in front of the shows will be the Convention Hall, and all the water sports will take place within three blocks of the setting. The convention committee is looking forward to entertaining at least 200,000 delegates, and as many will bring their families, it is estimated that there will be near half a million visitors in New Orleans that week. They have spent \$35,000 for electrical equipment alone, and there will be fifty bands on hand. Warships, destroyers, foreign ships and foreign battle ships will be in the harbor, and a big review will be held, with many famous warriors to direct the stunts. There will also be boat races, boxing, airplanes, golf, rodeo and baseball events staged. Considering all things the DeKreko Bros. Shows figure they have a splendid set of fall dates ahead. Harry Crandell deserves much credit for his able handling of the routing, and especially in getting this date.

Last week in Murphysboro the shows had the biggest day of the season on Thursday and the whole week's business was fine. When the people heard that the coal strike was over everyone seemed to want to celebrate, and this they proceeded to do. The shows moved to Vienna for the Johnson County Fair and opened on Tuesday to a fair business despite a heavy rain that fell during the day. Wednesday and Thursday were Derby Days at the fair.

Harry Suydan has a new top on his Righto game. John Ellis, the "Greek Demon", has charge of the Athletic Show front and is doing a good business. Gabe DeKreko arrived back on the shows after being away a month in San Antonio. His Wonderland Show has many improvements, due to the efforts of Happy Reitz. The Baldwin Family of four people has joined Leon Braughton's show with a novelty act that is taking good Jean DeKreko has been confined to his stateroom for four days and at the present writing is some improved. Clara Darr sprained her foot while diving last Thursday, but was able to do her act on Tuesday night.

The next stop is Cairo, Ill., under the W. O. W., with the chairman of the committee, Harry Eichenberger, an old trouper, who will be remembered by the old-timers. From there the shows play the home-coming celebration at Jackson, Mo.; then two more fairs, at Sikeston and Cape Girardeau, Mo., before the long jump into Ville Platte, La., which will be followed by six other fair dates.—Billboard.

W. T. Shanks of Sikeston was a business visitor in New Madrid, Wednesday.

Belgium will hold a "matrimonial celebration" in order to bring together affinities.

FOR RENT—Five-rooms and bath, water and lights. Solid foundation of brick. Eastern exposure, young orchard of plums and cherries. Apply to Sikeston Mercantile Co.

Have your suit cleaned, pressed for the Fair at Pitman's Tailor Shop. Health score charts are being used in school rooms for the determination of the physical condition of the children attending school.

On account of his business taking him to St. Louis to live a man has authorized us to sell you his home at a real bargain. If interested see Sikeston Realty & Loan Co., Citizens Bank Building.

The average mail circulation in the United States is said to be 112 first class letters per capita each year. A good many, of course, are statements of account, but the comparatively low number of remittances helps keep the average down.

Police Chief Meadows and Constable Boswell of Morehouse were in Sikeston Thursday and paid The Standard an appreciative call. They had been to New Madrid in connection with the Kelzie Clear scrapes pulled off in that city recently.

Wm. Vernon Holland and Miss Carrie May Brooks, living northwest of Sikeston, were married at Ed Wilson's restaurant Thursday at 12:30 noon by the Rev. Clarence Greer of Little Rock, Ark. The bride is but 15 years of age, but had the consent of both father and mother.

A story that harks back to the Civil War concerns a troop of Confederate mountain volunteers and their colonel. They had been sent for by a certain Confederate town, but before they could arrive the Federal forces were in command of the city. The auxiliaries arrived in the night and found the town deserted. Not caring to mix unnecessarily with the Union troops, they turned around and rode out of town by the first gate and road they found. Before them stretched a smooth fine highway, and they took it for all they were worth. They rode all night without passing any villages or signs of civilization. The countryside seemed not only deserted but demolished as well. When the sun peeped over the Blue Ridge Mountains the colonel drew up suddenly. "What's the matter, huh?" asked his lieutenant. "Dammit, huh", roared the colonel, "we've been galloping around a race track all night."—The Argonaut.

Send your cleaning and pressing by parcel post to Pitman's Tailor Shop.

Best grade taffeta silk, \$3.00 quality or \$2.00 per yard.—Pinnell Store Co.

WANTED—To rent three or four furnished rooms for light housekeeping.—Mrs. Frank Newton, rooms 4-5 Citizens Bank Bldg. tf.

LOST—Last Thursday a black leather folder purse with bills of large denomination and trunk check numbered G101644. Finder please return to Mr. Reichle at Marshall Hotel. Reward. 1t pd.

Malone Theater

A solid week of selected Goldwyn Big Pictures.

MONDAY AND TUESDAY, SEPTEMBER 4 and 5

A Frank Lloyd Production HOUSE PETER in "THE MAN FROM LOST RIVER" A powerful photodrama of conflicting love interest, with its locale a Northwestern lumber camp. Story of Katherine Newlin Burt author of "The Branding Iron" and "Snow-blind".

WEDNESDAY, SEPTEMBER 6

TOM MOORE in "MR. BARNES OF NEW YORK" Handsome, debonair, genial, spelling for a fight or frolic, he will charm the heart right out of your chest.

THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 7

MAX LINDER in "BE MY WIFE" The story of a troublesome marriage that turned out to be a dream and a real struggle to win a wife.

FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 8

MABEL NORMAND in The adorable Mabel plays a wild little acrobat from Italy in this side-splitting comedy of Broadway life.

SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 9

CULLEN LANDIS and PATSY RUTH MILLER in

"WATCH YOUR STEP" A Zippy comedy that shatters all screen records for speed and action. Serial No. 5 GEO. WALSH in "STANLEY IN AFRICA" AESOP FABLES

MATINEE AT 3:00 P. M. Change of Comedies and News reels each night.

"Whoop-la! Whoop-la! Heep big eats! Gee, what if real Indians got some of these goody Kellogg's Corn Flakes! Betcha they wouldn't let us fellers have any at all! Hurry up, they might come in any minute!"



Change your diet today!  
make it  
**Kellogg's**  
CORN FLAKES

Every day this summer more and more men, women and children are cutting down on the heavy, indigestible foods and turning to a lighter diet for health's sake. They are getting away from that uncomfortable drowsiness and sluggishness and they find they can think and work and play better and get more enjoyment out of the hot days.

Kellogg's Corn Flakes are ideal for breakfast, for lunch, for any meal or between-times nibbles because they not only nourish, but are so easy to digest! With cold milk, Kellogg's are wonderfully delicious.

Nothing can be better for the children than Kellogg's! And, how the little tots love them—Kellogg's are so crispy and crunchy and refreshing!

Order Kellogg's today—the kind in the RED and GREEN package that bears the signature of W. K. Kellogg, originator of Kellogg's Corn Flakes. None are genuine without it!



Also makers of  
KELLOGG'S  
KRUMBLE  
and  
KELLOGG'S  
BRAN, cooked  
and krumbled

Announcement

I am pleased to inform the public that I have purchased my old shoe repairing business and am now in charge and ready for your business. Give me a call.

ELI ABLES



## CONCON CONVENTION IS GRINDING SLOWLY

Jefferson City, August 25.—President Cassius M. Shartell of the Constitutional Convention spoke Friday night from the radio broadcasting station in the state capitol, giving an official message from the convention which was heard at stations all over the state. Special interest was taken in the speech at Sedalia, where the loud-speaking apparatus made it possible for the people at the State Fair to hear him clearly.

Mr. Shartell reviewed the work of the convention from the time of its organization in May until the present, briefly outlining its method of procedure and its accomplishments, which he considers commendable. The great changes in conditions since the old constitution was enacted in 1875, the speaker said, made the work of the convention more complicated and the problems hard to solve, thus taking much time for thorough consideration. Answering some of the critics outside the convention, Mr. Shartell said:

"I believe the convention will be able to save the taxpayers of the state each year several times the cost of the convention in reduced expenses and taxes. I have made these suggestions for the reason that, ever since the constitutional convention amendment was adopted there has been a persistent propaganda circulated that we did not need a new or revised constitution, that the old one was good enough. This seems to have been continued since the convention met, by persistent propaganda that we are doing nothing. Many statements have been made that are untrue. No one objects to fair criticism, but criticism based upon a misstatement of facts is unfair to the convention and to the people who sent us here to do this work. I think it is very likely that this persistent propaganda is being put out by certain interests outside of the convention—the usual invisible government—in the hope that if the convention disturbs their hold on the state they may be able to defeat its ratification at the polls. Isn't it possible that the great trusts and combines, the large corporations, the professional office holders, the many commissions that are fastened upon the people to regulate their affairs, the vested grafts and many vested interests which are now having their own way, are all satisfied with the existing constitution and the superstructure which they have built upon it, and do not desire that any part of it shall be disturbed? So the good citizen who is interested only in good government, the welfare of the many, not the few, should not be influenced by this propaganda until the work of the convention is finished and they can judge for themselves of its value to the people. The convention is doing good, sound work and I believe will revise the constitution in the interest of all of the people of the state so that Missouri may grow, not only in a material way, but in the development of an educated, intelligent citizenship."

The report of the Committee on Legislation, taken up by the convention sitting as the committee of the whole, has been under fire all the week, but only minute changes have been made from the original draft submitted by the committee.

The important changes in the committee report from the old constitution consisted in a reduction of the biennial sessions of the general assembly from seventy to sixty days, the increasing of the pay of members

from \$5 to \$10 per day and the limiting of clerical expenses to \$400 per day in the assembly and \$300 per day in the senate; limiting special sessions to thirty days at \$10 per day and revising sessions to ninety days at \$10 per day, and the methods of filling vacancies where they occur within twenty days of the opening of the general assembly or during its sessions.

The first opposition to the committee report came over the question of filling vacancies. The committee provision calls for appointment by the governor from the party with which the member causing the vacancy was affiliated. One amendment proposed was to have a member selected by the county committee and then appointed by the governor; another provided for a party convention to select a member to be appointed by the governor and a third would leave the section the same as in the old constitution, which provides only for a special election in all cases. The amendments were all voted down and the committee recommendation adopted.

Objection was next raised to the shortening of the regular sessions, and amendments providing for ninety and seventy days were proposed for regular sessions and 120 days for revising sessions. These were also defeated after thorough discussion.

A surprise was sprung on the members when an amendment was offered to the provision for biennial sessions, changing the time to four years, and without discussion it was passed by a vote of 34 to 33. However, a vote to reconsider was carried and the question was discussed on both sides. The opposition to the quadrennial session was that it was taking away from the people one of the most potent instruments for the correction of bad legislation and the enacting laws for which there was a popular demand. On the other side it was contended that there were already too many laws on the statute books and there should be a repealing instead of a revising session; that the people would be better served if no session was held for five or ten years. But the supporters of the biennial session were firm in their conviction that there was no call from the people for any such radical changes, and when the vote was taken the amendment was lost by a vote of 51 to 13.

Indications are that the committee report as a whole will be adopted practically as presented, and the few changes made from the present constitution will be approved by the convention.

The report of the Committee on Judiciary, which was withdrawn from general debate, will be taken up section by section for amendment when it next comes before the convention. Many suggestions have been offered by members for amendments that it is believed will meet the principal objections to committee report. There seems to be a disposition on the part of the committee to make concessions in the interest of harmony and it may introduce amendments on the floor of the convention what will go a long way toward smoothing the troubled waters stirred up by the general debate on the new proposed judicial system, and yet make it a decided improvement over the old system now in use.

Notice has been given to the convention that the Committee on Suffrage and Elections will call up its report for discussion in the committee of the whole as soon as it is thru with the consideration of the Legislative Committee report. This report will probably be under discussion practically all of the coming week.

# Seats Now On Sale!

Reserved Seat and Box Seat Tickets are now on sale at The Bijou. It is best to make your reservations early, because the attractions to be seen in front of the grandstand will make an extra heavy demand for seats. We are offering Auto Polo, Phil Baxter's Orchestra of Dallas, Texas, the three Fords and good racing as attractions in front of the grandstand.

## Box Seats 50c

Each box contains six seats. This does not include admission at the gate.  
No War Tax.

## Reserved Seats 25c

This does not include admission at the gate.  
No War Tax.

Out of town patrons of the fair can secure these tickets by writing to the treasurer, the secretary, or direct to The Bijou. Out of town orders will receive immediate attention.

These Tickets On Sale at The Bijou

## Southeast Missouri District Fair

September 13, 14, 15, 16, 1922

J. L. MATTHEWS, Treasurer

C. L. BLANTON, Jr., Secretary

Double liability of stockholders in state banks and trust companies which may hereafter be organized in the state may be imposed by act of the General Assembly if a provision adopted by the Committee on Corporations becomes a part of the new constitution. It also provides a way for banks and trust companies now organized to take advantage of the provision if they so desire. The proposed revised section reads as follows:

Section 9. Stockholders. Extent of Liability.—Dues from private corporations shall be secured by such means as may be prescribed by law, but in no case shall any stockholder be individually liable in any amount over and above the amount of stock owned by him or her, provided, however, that the owners of stock in banks and trust companies hereafter formed, shall be liable in an additional sum of one hundred per centum of the par value of stock owned by them, which liability shall be several and not joint it is further provided that any bank or trust company now created shall be privileged, by the unanimous vote of the stockholders, to be liable in an additional sum of one hundred per centum of the par value of the stock owned by them, which liability shall be several and not joint.

The committee has modified section 11, defining corporations, so as to include what is known as "common law trusts" under the corporation laws of the state. In this list the committee includes joint stock companies, associations or business trusts having any powers not possessed by individuals or partnerships; provided, however, the term "business trusts", as used in this constitution, shall include only such voluntary equitable trusts created by a written instrument or declaration of trusts, the beneficial interest under which is divided into transferable certificates of participation or shares.

The provision in section 12 relating to the long and short haul and commutation tickets is modified to meet the requirements of the federal transportation act, which now controls all rate matters.

A new section is added to the constitution which is intended to provide rural communities with such facilities for the safe and convenient conduct of business as is afforded those

communities in which trust companies are maintained. It provides that: "Banks heretofore or hereafter incorporated under the laws of this state shall have power to act as executors, administrators, curators and trustees under such regulations as may be required by law."

By adopting the subcommittee report on exemptions the Committee on Taxation will propose important changes to the provisions in the old constitution, including the exemption from taxation of bonds or other obligations issued by the state or any political subdivision thereof, and household furniture used as such up to \$300. The amended sections read as follows:

Section 6. Property Exempt from Taxation.—The property, real and personal, of the state, counties and other municipal corporations, and all bonds or other obligations hereafter issued by the state or any political subdivision thereof, shall be exempt from taxation.

Cemeteries, not held for private profit, and all moneys and personal property and the income thereon, owned by associations incorporated as cemetery associations, and required by their charters to use such money and personal property for the sole and only purpose of improving, embellishing, and preserving the grounds owned by such corporations, or property held in trust for such for such purposes, shall be exempt from taxation.

Lots in incorporated cities or towns, or within one mile of the limits of any such city or town, to the extent of two acres, and lots one mile or more distant from such cities or towns, to the extent of five acres, with the buildings thereon, may be exempted from taxation when the same are used exclusively for religious worship, for schools or for purposes purely charitable; also, such property, real or personal, as may be used exclusively for agricultural or horticultural societies, not operated for private profit, and household furniture used as such up to three hundred dollars, may be exempted from taxation. Provided, that such exemption shall be only by general law.

Section 7. Other Exemptions Void.—All laws exempting property from taxation, other than the pro-

perty enumerated in this constitution, shall be void.

The budget proposition, reported by the subcommittee of the Committee on Executive and Ministerial Departments, has been passed on favorably by the committee as a whole and will be included in its recommendations to the convention. It will provide, as has been stated before, that the governor shall require statements of expenditures and estimated expenses of the various departments before the convening of the General Assembly and within fifteen days after its convening submit a budget covering all proposed expenditures and estimated revenues of the state government for the ensuing two-year period. The legislature and the judiciary are also required to submit to the governor estimates of their expenses within ten days after the convening of the General Assembly.

In a leading editorial in the St. Louis Globe-Democrat of August 22 the statement is made that of the 329 proposals submitted only three had passed the committee stage. This is a misstatement of facts, though possibly not intentional. The three reports before the convention include eighty proposals that have been considered by the three committees. All the proposals submitted have been given consideration and more than 100 will be included in other reports due to be submitted within a few days.

The convention on Wednesday declined with thanks an invitation to attend the state fair in a body on Thursday or Friday as guests of the Fair Board and the citizens of Sedalia. With the work now being considered by the convention each day, sitting as the committee of the whole, it was not deemed best to take any time off for such a purpose.

A resolution was introduced Wednesday, to be acted on August 29, to the effect that when the convention adjourns on September 2, it adjourn until Monday, November 12 the week following the general election. The reason given was that the lawyers in the convention would have court duties to perform in September and

October. It is not thought that it will meet with general approval by the members of the convention, most of whom wish to push ahead and complete the work, now so well under way.

Night sessions have been held several evenings this week by some of the committees in an effort to complete their reports, several of which are practically ready to submit to the convention.

An unusual type of return for a banded bird was recently sent in to the United States Department of Agriculture from Corning, Ohio. On June 29 a band was taken from the stomach of a black snake which had been placed on a fledgling cat-bird five days before by the same person who found it.

### FARM WOMEN IMPROVE HOME SEWING METHODS

Farm women in sections are co-operating actively in clothing work as carried on with the assistance of State and county extension workers. In this work local representatives or leaders, selected by the various communities in a county, come together at some convenient point for training. Provided with the necessary teaching helps, these women repeat to organized groups in their own neighborhood the instruction they have received and gather up reports on work done. The success of local leadership is due not only to the ability and devotion of local women but to the simple, practical basis to which extension workers have reduced their teaching.

According to reports received by the United States Department of Agriculture the things that are receiving particular attention are the making and use of dress forms; alteration of patterns and making of fitted-to-measure foundation patterns; clothing construction processes; remodeling; renovation; garment finishes; use of machine attachments; clothing hygiene, including the selection of shoes and corsets; millinery; and selection of textile materials and ready-made clothing for quality and design. As a result of the work, farm women have been enabled to improve their ability to select materials and to remodel and make garments and other articles of clothing at home.

Mongolian women have dispensed with the wearing of veil.

At the age of 25 years, Miss Helen K. Wallace, a licensed minister of the Baptist Church in Alton, N. H., is the youngest woman preacher in New England.

For the first time in its history of over 50 years the recent annual meeting of the Cremation Society of England was presided over by a woman, Mrs. Spencer Graves.

Senora Dolores Arriga de Buck, recently elected a member of the Supreme Court of the State of San Luis Potosi, Mexico, is the first woman to hold such an office in that country.

### \$7,357,975 APPORTIONED TO COUNTIES FOR ROAD PROGRAM

Jefferson City, August 24.—More than seven and one-third million dollars is the apportionment to Missouri counties since 1921 under the present road-building program of the State, exclusive of the \$60,000,000 road bond issue, a statement of the road fund just issued by the State Highway Department shows.

The gross total of the State road fund since January, 1921, is given by the State Highway Department as \$8,753,178.90. Of that amount, the appropriations for different departments, necessary in the administration of the State road program and the handling of the funds, will consume \$1,395,200 at the end of this year, leaving a net total for apportionments to the counties of \$7,357,975.90.

For carrying out the provisions of the Morgan-McCullough road law, the available funds total \$7,239,865.18, according to the statement. Completion of the plans will consume \$6,232,633.35 of the above total, leaving \$1,007,231.83 in funds not required for the Morgan-McCullough program and not set aside at this date.

Administration of the State Highway Department was the most costly of the different items of the \$1,395,200 appropriation, the statement shows. The highway administration cost, during 1921 and 1922, \$428,900. Second largest in the appropriations items is that of the State drag fund for \$400,000. Other items in the same appropriation include: Secretary of State for the registration of motor vehicles, \$390,000; State Treasurer for clerical help, \$10,000; State Treasurer for option stamps, \$4500; Secretary of State for corporation registration, \$25,600; Secretary of State for new equipment, \$10,200; State Treasurer for clerk hire, \$10,600; Secretary of State for registration, \$36,000, and the Millersburg road project in Callaway County, \$20,000.

Good L. L. brown muslin, 10c.—Pinnell Store Co.

In Korea, a girl who is unmarried at the age of 15 is considered an "old maid".

You obtain more heat with less oil in the new Nesco Perfect oil stove.—Farmers Supply Furn. Dept.

The only woman Supreme Court Clerk in the United States is said to be Miss Eugenia Davis of Phoenix, Ariz.

A common tern banded as a fledgling at Brigantine, N. J., August 13, 1920, holds one of the long-distance records for this species, according to reports to the United States Department of Agriculture. It was retaken on May 20, 1922, at Paria Bay, Blanchisseuse, Trinidad. Another common tern on record was banded as a nestling on the coast of Maine, and recovered four years later in the delta of the Niger River, on the west coast of Africa.



## FALL MILLINERY

### ANNOUNCING

A Line of Unusual Value, Embracing  
All The Most Popular And Demanded Styles  
In High Class Hats at  
Popular Prices

## ELITE HAT SHOP

## ANNOUNCEMENT

The Sisters of Mercy have added to their faculty a talented instructor in music and are now ready to take pupils for instruction in piano and violin.

Pupil may apply at Parochial School near the Catholic Church on Front Street.

## SISTER MARY ROSE



## Hand-Tailored to Your Measure

AT PRICES NO HIGHER THAN FOR READY MADES

Today you can order your Fair suit made for you at a price as low as for ready-mades. A selection of 400 Pure Wool Fabrics awaits you, distinctive patterns that are sure to appeal. Make your selection now, delivery to be made at any date you prefer.

Remember our prices are very reasonable.

\$27, \$30, \$35, \$40 and up

## Pitman Tailor Shop

Sikeston, Missouri  
Phone 127



## UNITED STATES ALONE CAN SAVE EUROPE

London, August 26.—Former Gov. Cox of Ohio spent an hour and a half with Premier Lloyd George at breakfast this morning, discussing international affairs with particular reference to the aggravated economic and financial situation in Europe. Mr. Cox was reticent to make public the substance of his conversation with the Prime Minister, confining his remarks to newspaper men with his personal impressions of Mr. Lloyd George. He explained that he felt he must be more circumspect, and adhere more closely to the proprieties as the guest of a foreign government than he would be at home, where he could talk more freely.

"It was a cordial and delightful meeting," he said. "Mr. Lloyd George was extremely gracious and hospitable. He possesses all the homely virtues which make an ideal host. I was struck with his youthful appearance, his buoyant spirit and flexibility of mind. He is apparently a man who goes to bed early, sleeps soundly and does not worry about anything. He has unbounded capacity for work and possesses the rare combination of gentleness and strength. I was much impressed with his resemblance to Lincoln. Like our great President, he has a happy faculty of illustrating his points with a witty anecdote or story. Like Lincoln, also, he has a firm grasp of the homely affairs of everyday life. In fact, the prevailing note in his character is his simplicity and humaneness. After breakfast, he lit his briar pipe and chatted in the most intimate way with me, as if I were an old friend."

Mr. Cox said he had received a second invitation from the Irish Government to visit Ireland, but feared that his limited time in England would not permit his going. When informed that the trip could be made in four or five hours by airplane, the former Governor said:

"No, thank you".

Judge Maxey of Scranton, after the breakfast, presented Mr. Lloyd George with an illuminated expression of good-will from the Welsh people of Pennsylvania.

Before going to the Premier's residence in Downing street this morning, Cox gave out a statement to the American and British press dealing with the economic plight of Europe and quoting the German Chancellor, Dr. Wirth, as saying to him a few days ago in Berlin:

"Unless the United States inter-

ests herself within European affairs within a very short time, all in Germany is lost and all in Central Europe as well".

Cox's statement follows:

"The storm center of the economic world is Central Europe. Those who have visited Austria and Germany are of one opinion as to the state of things now and the tragic point to which both countries are drifting. Austria has reached a stage of almost complete dissolution.

"The nations of Europe are deadlocked on the reparations question. There seems to be no relief on this side of the Atlantic. The master key is held by the United States. No decision by England seems likely to be accepted by the French. The French Government will not sanction a proposal from Germany which might approximate a readjustment of the figures now in the minds of French statesmen, because that circumstance might be regarded by the public opinion of France as a surrender to Germany."

"There is no respite, and every hour is fraught with danger. It is well to summarize the contentions of both France and Germany.

"Since the end of the war France has sold approximately \$10,000,000,000 worth of bonds to her own people upon the reparations by which she would have been reimbursed by Germans in compliance with the terms of the peace treaty. Germany says she lost a fourth of her grain lands and altogether one-tenth of her territory. She issued about \$25,000,000,000 worth of bonds during the war and a deficit of \$10,000,000,000 remains as a floating debt. The fiscal state of both countries without economic stabilization portends but one result.

"In the midst of this situation two false impressions obtain in Europe: First, that France is aggressively militaristic, and, second, that Germany is making munitions and preparing for war. The military policy of France is based upon the desire to protect herself against invasion. With assurances on this point she will reduce her army.

"The Government of Germany desires peace. The leaders are progressively democratic and the story of hidden arms, with the exception of unimportant sporadic community instances, is pure fiction. Germany has 20,000,000 more people than she can sustain except under high industrial stress. When the mark was 100 to 200 to the dollar there were certain trade advantages accruing to Germany, but in the present circumstances the banks of Germany cannot finance the industries of that

country in the purchase of raw products and foodstuffs.

"Unless relief is granted shops will soon be closed, millions will be out of employment and the winter will bring the threat if not the certainty of starvation.

"With economic collapse the government will go down, too. If Germany fails, France is without reimbursement and cannot sustain the loss involved without serious consequences.

"Within the last week I had a long interview with Chancellor Wirth in Berlin. He summarized the situation by saying with deepest emotion:

"Unless the United States interests herself in European affairs within a very short time all in Germany is lost, and all in Central Europe as well".

"Recognizing that this statement broke the fetter of diplomatic usage in France, authority to repeat it in Chancellor Wirth's name to the people of the United States is given without reservation."

Cox said it is not too late to prevent disaster, that the American Government, acting in intervention on behalf of the United States, could do it without any inconsistency with the existing policy.

Cox also advocates the designation of Herbert Hoover as an American representative on the Reparations Commission.

The American Bar Association at its meeting in San Francisco offered some valuable suggestions looking to needed changes in judicial proceedings. One of its good features was the declaration that "The pistol serves no useful purpose in a community", and recommended that "its manufacture and sale be prohibited, except as such manufacture and sale shall be necessary for government and official use under proper legal regulation and control". It was said that more than 90 per cent of the crimes committed are due to the pistol carrying habit. It was also recommended that the parole and pardon laws are ineffective and abused, and should be limited to first offenders. Those convicted of homicide, burglary, rape or highway robbery should not be amenable to parole or pardon. The association also went on record as demanding such changes in law as would do away with needless delays in criminal cases, such as dilatory motions, appeals, etc. If the association will back its conclusions with earnest work to make them effective, the people of the United States will be vastly benefited.

## MUSCLE SHOALS NOT LOST TO FORD

Altho the Senate Committee on Agriculture declined by a vote of 7 to 9 to report favorably the Ford proposal to develop the Government's great power and fertilizer plant at Muscle Shoals, I believe Congress, eventually, will accept the Ford offer, in a modified form that fully protects the Government's interests. The committee also decided against the Norris bill for Government development of the project.

I am for the Ford proposition unreservedly, because Henry Ford is the best man in the United States to handle the Muscle Shoals job. When I make a personal business deal for any man's services, I select the best man I can find regardless of his political views. Furthermore, Ford's offer is the only private proposal having enough merit in it to entitle it to any consideration whatever. On this point even the committee was unanimous.

It is plainly a case of developing this great project by Henry Ford, or by the Government under direction of Secretary Weeks of the War Department. I think the farmers prefer Ford to Weeks for this big job. They believe Henry Ford, an intensely practical industrial genius, will come rearing to smashing the Fertilizer Trust than will Secretary Weeks, whose close affiliations with big business are common knowledge. Nor have the farmers forgotten that Secretary Weeks has on numerous occasions publicly expressed his opposition to the Farm Bloc, and has shown no sympathy for agriculture or interest in the problems of the farmer. Ford wants to see the farmers have a fair chance.

After being here on the ground in Washington and seeing Government mismanagement of railroads and Shipping Board at close hand, I have no hesitancy in supporting the Ford proposition strongly.

Ford is in fact the man who breathed the breath of life into Muscle Shoals. Until he interested himself in the project it was dead. The War Department had about decided to abandon it and charge off the enormous amount invested there as one of the regrettable but inevitable losses of the war. Then Ford and Thomas A. Edison looked the project over and Ford decided he could complete it and produce at minimum cost an enormous amount of electric power, and great quantities of commercial fertilizer at a cost so low it would free the farmers of the United States from the grip of the Fertilizer Trust. There is no question, I think, about the latter proposition. I believe thoroughly in the sincerity of Ford and his ability to smash the Fertilizer Trust. That is one of the reasons I am for his proposal.

However, a great cry arose at once that an effort was being made to give Ford something for nothing. Forgotten entirely was the fact that the Government was annually sinking great sums of money in keeping up the abandoned project; that to complete its development and operation by the Government would mean an unbroken stream of the taxpayers' money for years, and that at best Ford could not make to exceed 8 per cent.

Men who had inveighed against government mismanagement of railroads and shipping suddenly became champions of government development and operation of water powers and nitrate plants.

It appears that hatred of Henry Ford, or dislike for his political views, is so great that many men who detest government ownership and government operation of industry are willing to swallow even that bad mouthful rather than see Ford get Muscle Shoals.

The situation makes apparent what a hard fight is ahead of those Senators who wish to see Ford develop Muscle Shoals, but I believe in the end it will result in victory. Victory may not come at this session of Congress. The men who don't like Ford, and the influences that wish to see no development of Muscle Shoals may combine with those that wish to see the Government, and no private agency, develop the property, and so defeat the Ford proposition, but we shall fight hard to prevent that.

Losing a skirmish doesn't matter if you finally win the battle. The Senators who are backing the Ford proposition as the only really practical proposal for the development of Muscle Shoals for service in time of war and to furnish farmers with cheap fertilizers in time of peace, have a big fight on their hands and are in that fight for a finish. As I see it, it is Ford and the people on one side, and the Fertilizer Trust and the private waterpower interests on the other. In the end Ford and the people will win.—Arthur Capper, Washington, D. C.

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### FEDERAL-AID ROADS INCREASED 600 MILES

Nearly 600 miles nearer the goal of a completed system of highways for the United States is the report of the Bureau of Public Roads of the United States Department of Agriculture for the month of July. The final goal, the construction of a system of approximately 180,000 miles of Federal-aid highway consisting of a network of trunk line and secondary roads reaching into practically every county is still a long way off, but we are 5,392 miles nearer than at the beginning of the year according to the bureau.

Completed Federal-aid roads now total 18,299 miles with 14,912 miles under construction and approximately 60 per cent complete. Including projects not yet under construction Federal-aid roads in all stages now total 40,338 miles.

There is no indication of any slackening of the greatly increased rate of progress which began with the season of 1921 as the States continue to pour in plans for new projects and place them under construction as rapidly as possible. Nearly twelve and one-half million dollars was obligated to new projects in June and July, and in the week ending August 5 reports were received of the letting of 68 new projects and announcements of 57 to be let.

At the present time the force of the bureau is taxed to the limit with the examination of new plans and projects, inspection of roads under construction and the planning of the Federal-aid highway system which is being gotten into final shape.

Six years ago the State of Kansas started near Lansing an industrial farm for women criminals, and in that brief period 2000 women and girl prisoners have received its fostering care.

### BRYAN TO TAKE THE STUMP FOR HITCHCOCK OF NEBRASKA

Washington, August 29.—William Jennings Bryan announced today he would "take the stump" for his former political enemy, Senator Gilbert M. Hitchcock, who is seeking reelection to the Senate from Nebraska. Bryan's indorsement of Hitchcock officially ends the old feud within the Democratic party.

"The questions over which we once fought have all been settled

and we all stand on the same platform now", said Bryan, in indorsing Senator Hitchcock. "I will speak for Senator Hitchcock and for the whole Democratic ticket in Nebraska. I shall open my campaign there about October 1". Leading the Nebraska Democratic State ticket as candidate for the governorship is Charles Bryan, brother of William J. The national issues, Bryan added, in the November elections will be the revenue and tariff bills and "Newberryism".

## LOOK!

We still have quite a few bargains on hand yet. Friday and Saturday are our last days to offer this stock at retail prices, to clean up the entire stock. We will give from 10 to 20 per cent off on all ladies' coats, men's wear, and in fact most everything. We guarantee every article to be a big value for the money.

Embroidery and laces, per yd. 2c to 10c  
Ribbons per yd. 5c to 10c  
Dress braids, per yd. 2c to 5c  
Dress serge, per yd. 50c  
Crochet thread 5c  
Men's and boys' collars 5c  
Men's and boys' ties 25c  
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A Grab Sale From 2:00 p. m. to 10:00 p. m. at 10c a grab. Every grab worth from 25c to \$1.00. Bankrupt Store Two Doors South Standard Office

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